

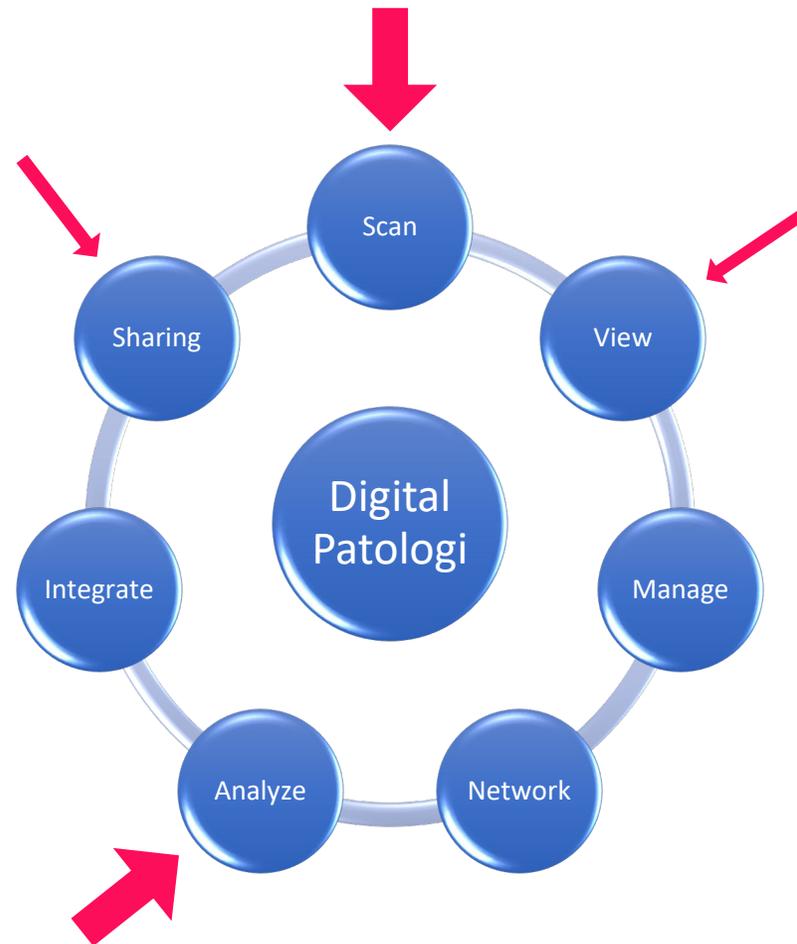
Introduktion til scannere, billedeanalyse og algoritmer

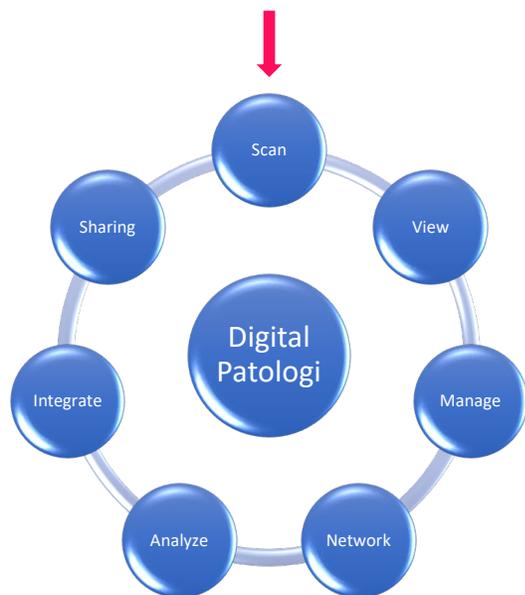
Kristina Lystlund Lauridsen, bioanalytiker
Patologi, AUH

22-03-2023

Kom godt i gang med digital patologi, Axlabs

Introduktion

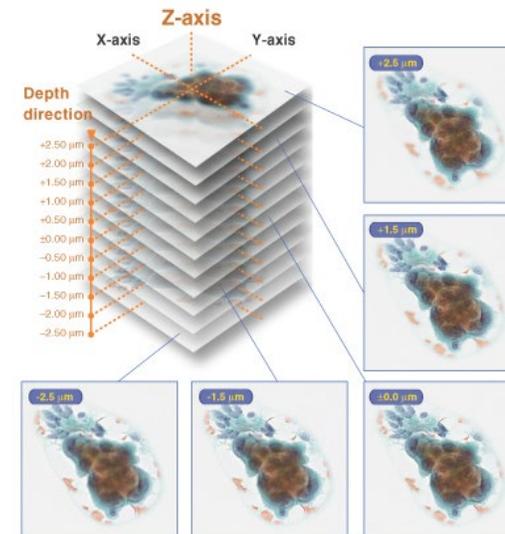
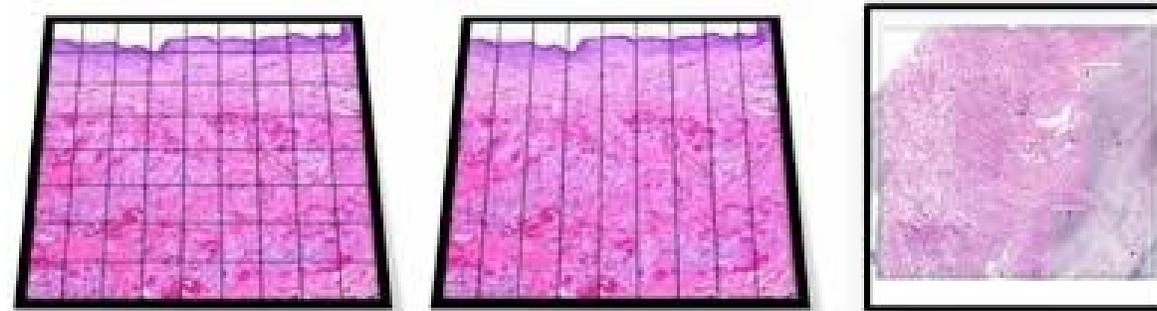




Skanneren

Skannertyper

- Line- og tile-skannere
- Z-stacking



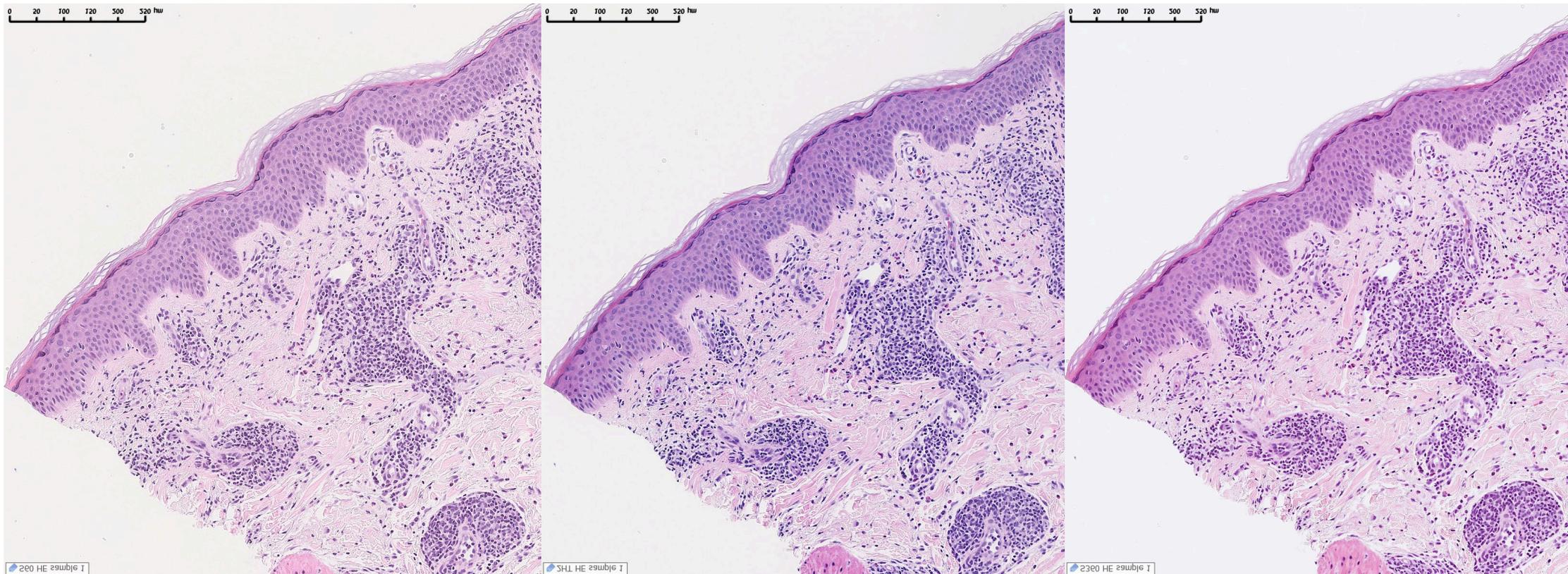
Rundt om skanneren:

- Hastighed
 - Husk at se på total skantid
 - Hvordan fyldes den
 - Rack eller holder
 - Kontinuert loading
 - Kvalitet
 - Fejlrate
 - Farvegengivelse/pixelværdier*
 - Opløsning/forstørrelse
 - Eksempel: Hamamatsu Nanozoomer objektiv 20x/0,75NA
- Fuldautomatisk skanning
 - Antal og størrelse glas
 - megaglas
 - Oppetid
 - Mulighed for service og support
- Fluorescens/cytologi



It is expected that within a **single department, different scanners** will be used for **different purposes**. One vendor may have the best high-throughput scanner for general histology, while another scanner is best for large or mega slides and yet another for cytology or fluorescence staining.

<https://medical.sectra.com/resources/supporting-digital-full-scale-primary-diagnostics-pathology/> Elin Kindberg

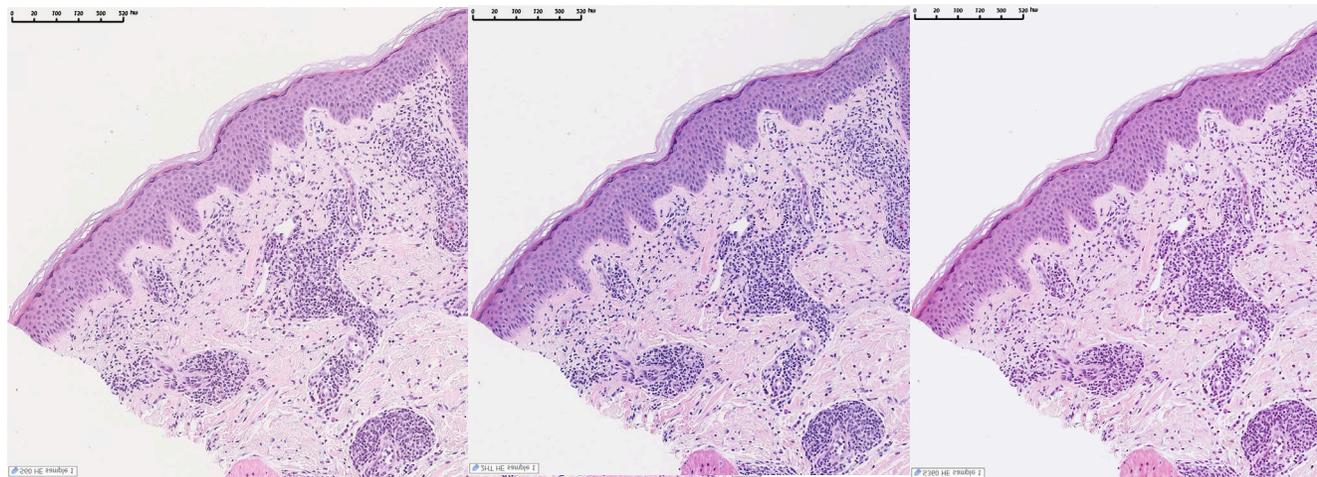


Share the slide

In a typical scenario, if a pathologist wants to **consult with colleagues** from a different hospital, city, or state, the samples in question have to be **packaged and sent** to the intended specialist. Such shipping is quite **costly**, not to mention that getting a second opinion will take **days to weeks**. Also, there is always a risk of **slide damage** or loss in transit.

But all those hurdles disappear once tissue specimens become available in electronic form allowing them to be exchanged via the Internet. You can **easily share** slides with other specialists for getting a second opinion as well as with patients, research centers, and other stakeholders.

<https://www.altexsoft.com/blog/digital-computational-pathology/>



Hvad det er værd at vide om skanneren foran dig:

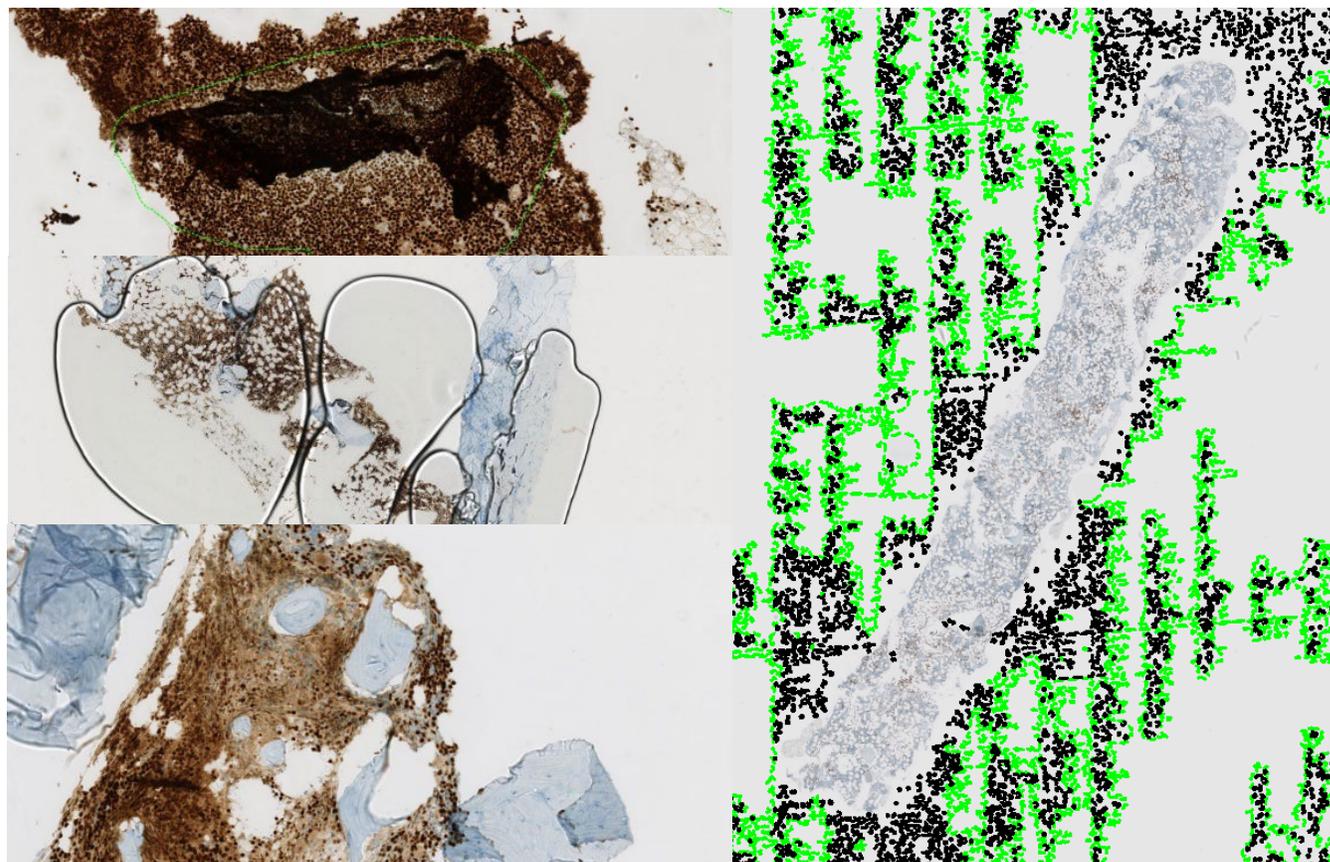
- Hastighed
 - Husk at se på total skantid
 - Hvordan fyldes den
 - Rack eller holder
 - Tab af glas
 - Kontinuert loading
- Kvalitet
 - Fejlrate
 - Farvegengivelse/pixelværdier*
- Opløsning/forstørrelse
 - Eksempel: Hamamatsu Nanozoomer objektiv 20x/0,75NA
- Fuldautomatisk skanning
- Oppetid
- Antal og størrelse glas
 - megaglas
- Mulighed for service og support
- Fluorescens/cytologi



Forudsætninger for god skan-kvalitet

PROBLEMER

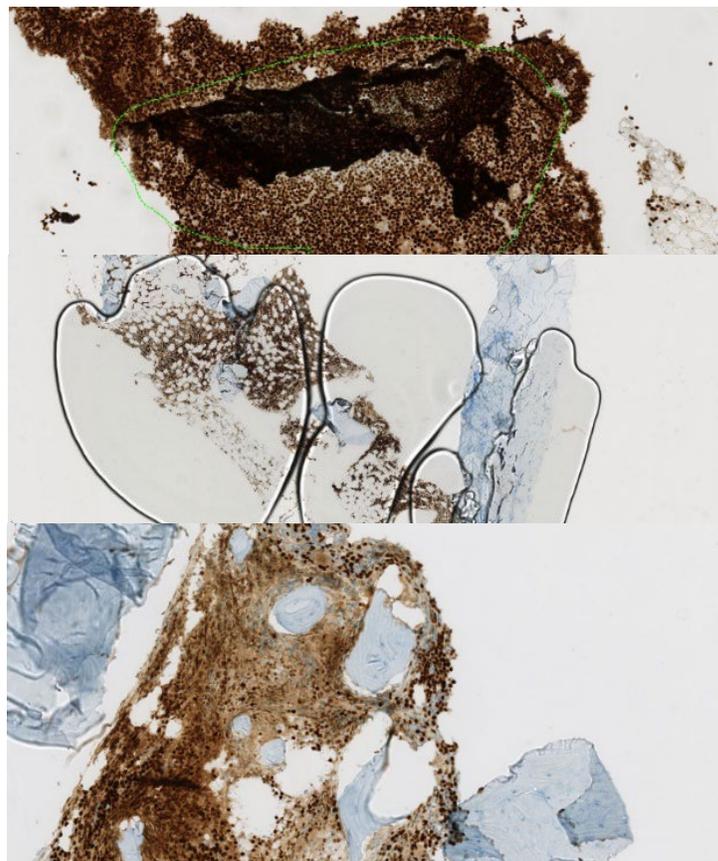
- Artefakter
 - Flydere
 - Ridser
 - Folder
 - Montering
 - Udfældninger
- Tykkelse af vævssnit
- Fedtvæv/meget svagt farvet væv
- Kalibrering/hvidbalance



Forudsætninger for god skan-kvalitet

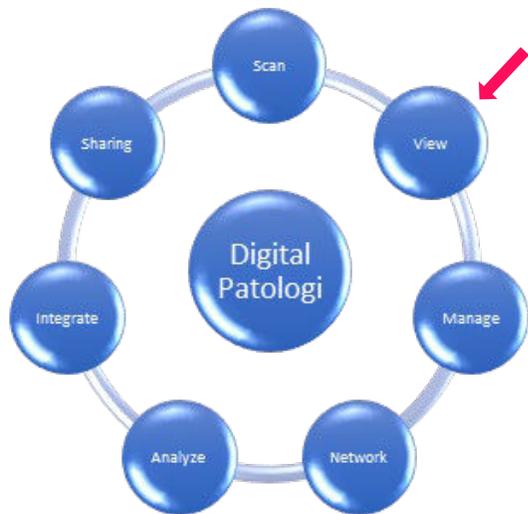
PROBLEMER

- Artefakter
 - Flydere
 - Ridser
 - Folder
 - Montering
 - Udfældninger
- Tykkelse af vævssnit
- Fedtvæv/meget svagt farvet væv
- Kalibrering/hvidbalance*



HVAD KAN VI GØRE?

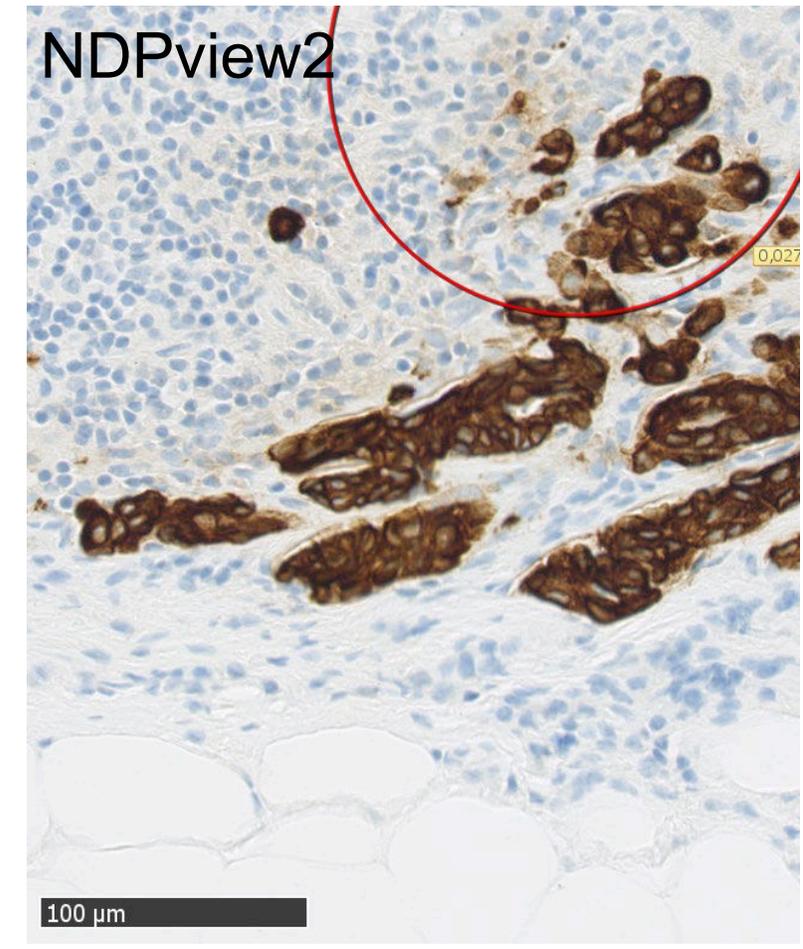
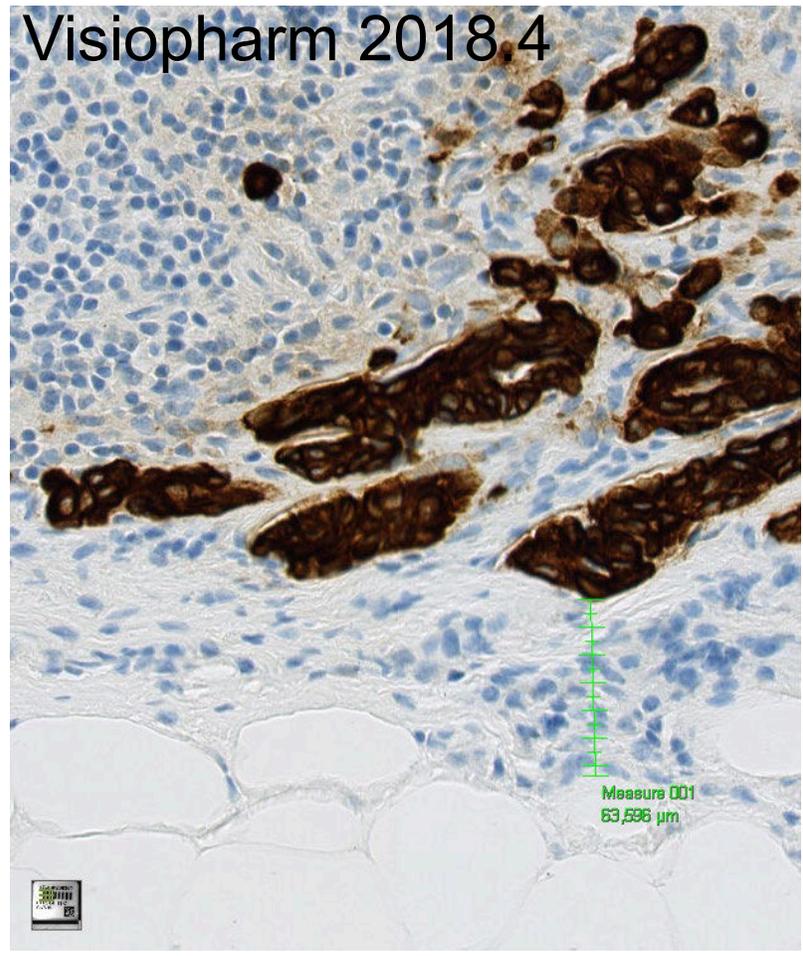
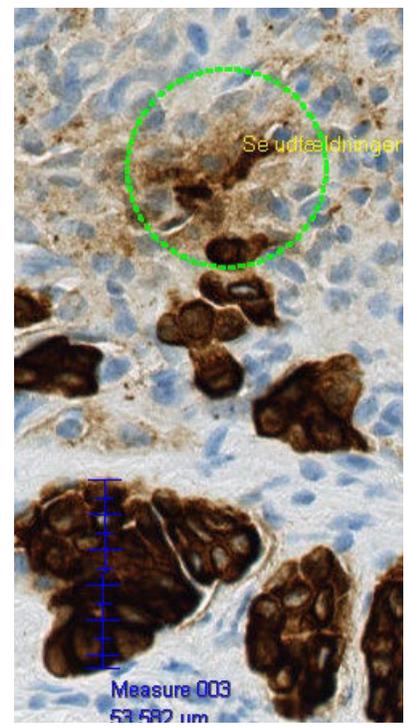
- Skift vandbad
- Ændret fokus på kvalitetssikring
 - mikrotomi
 - montering
- Snittykkelse
 - Mikrotomi-robotter
- Kvalitetskontrol indbygget i skanneren
- Husk at kalibrere/hvidbalance



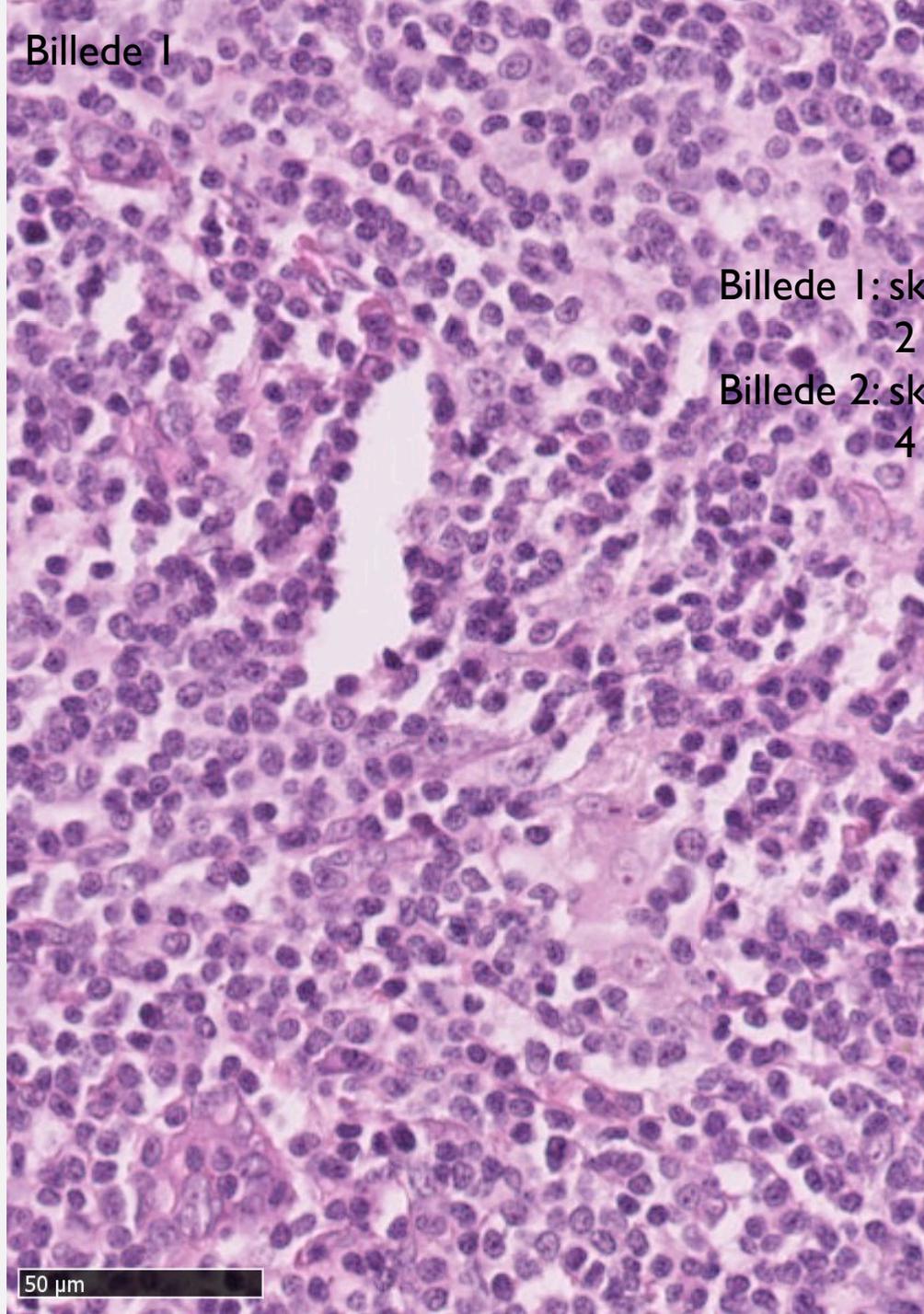
Viewer

Viewer

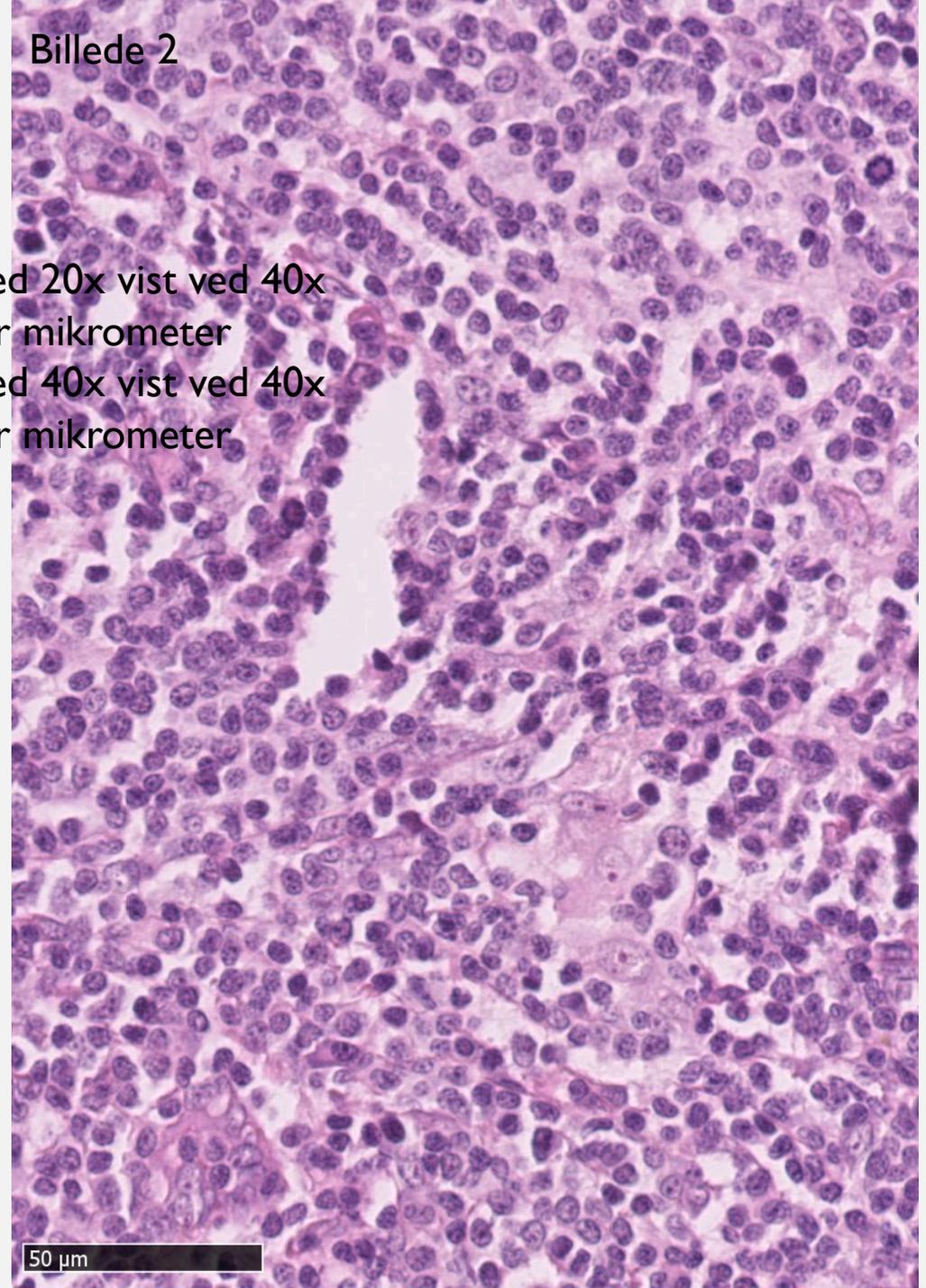
Annotationer



Billede 1



Billede 2

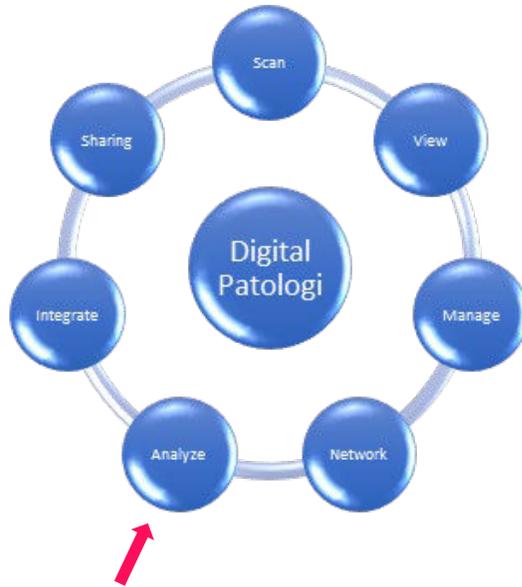


Billede 1: skannet ved 20x vist ved 40x
2 pixels pr mikrometer

Billede 2: skannet ved 40x vist ved 40x
4 pixels pr mikrometer

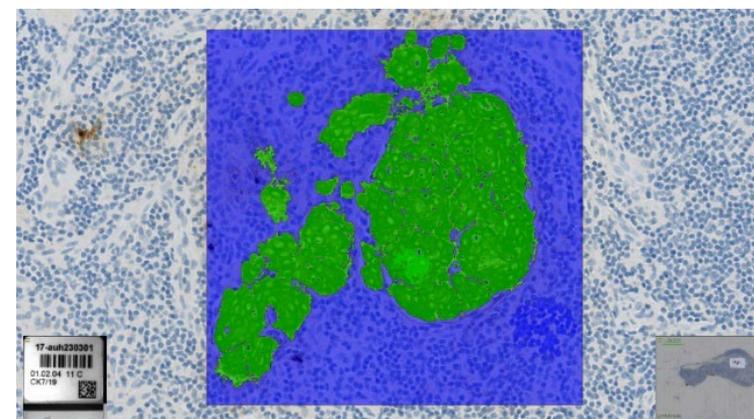
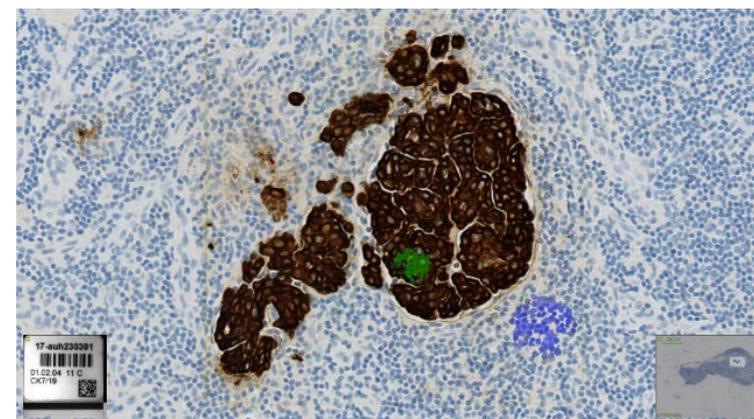
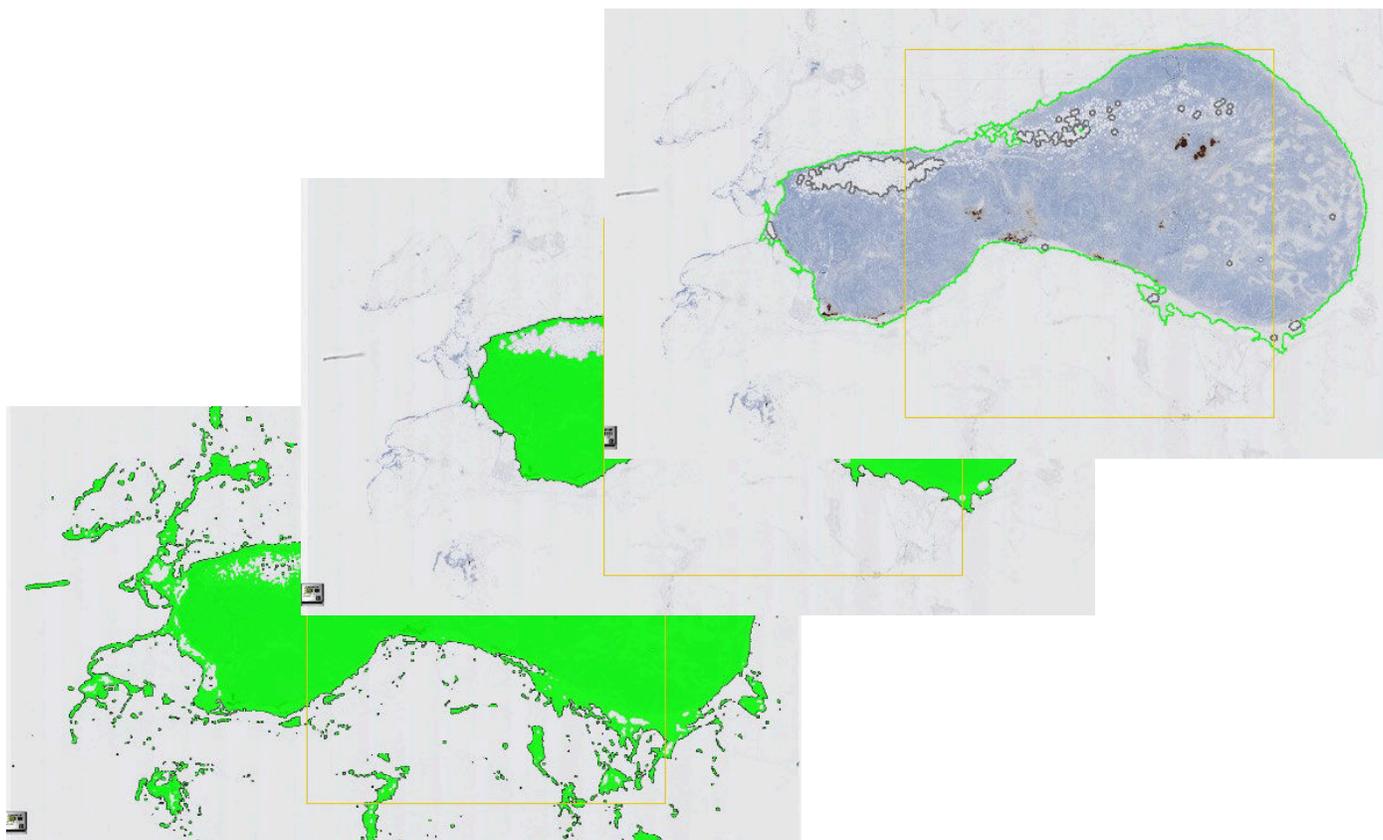
50 µm

50 µm

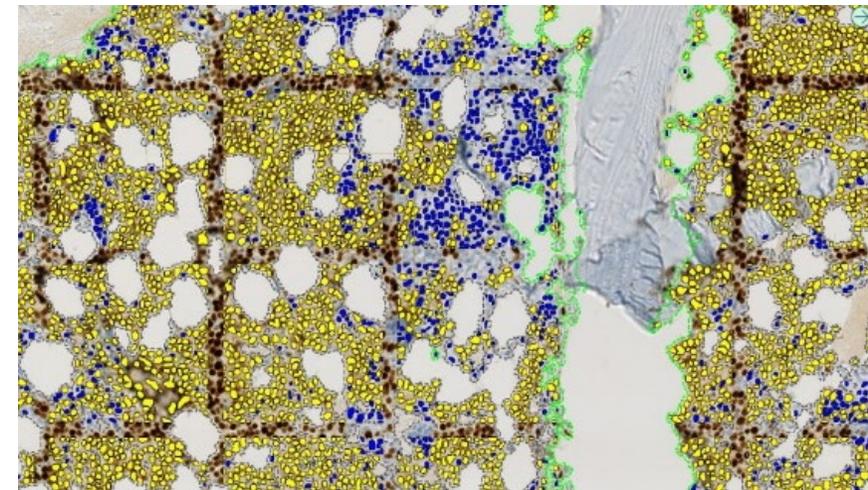
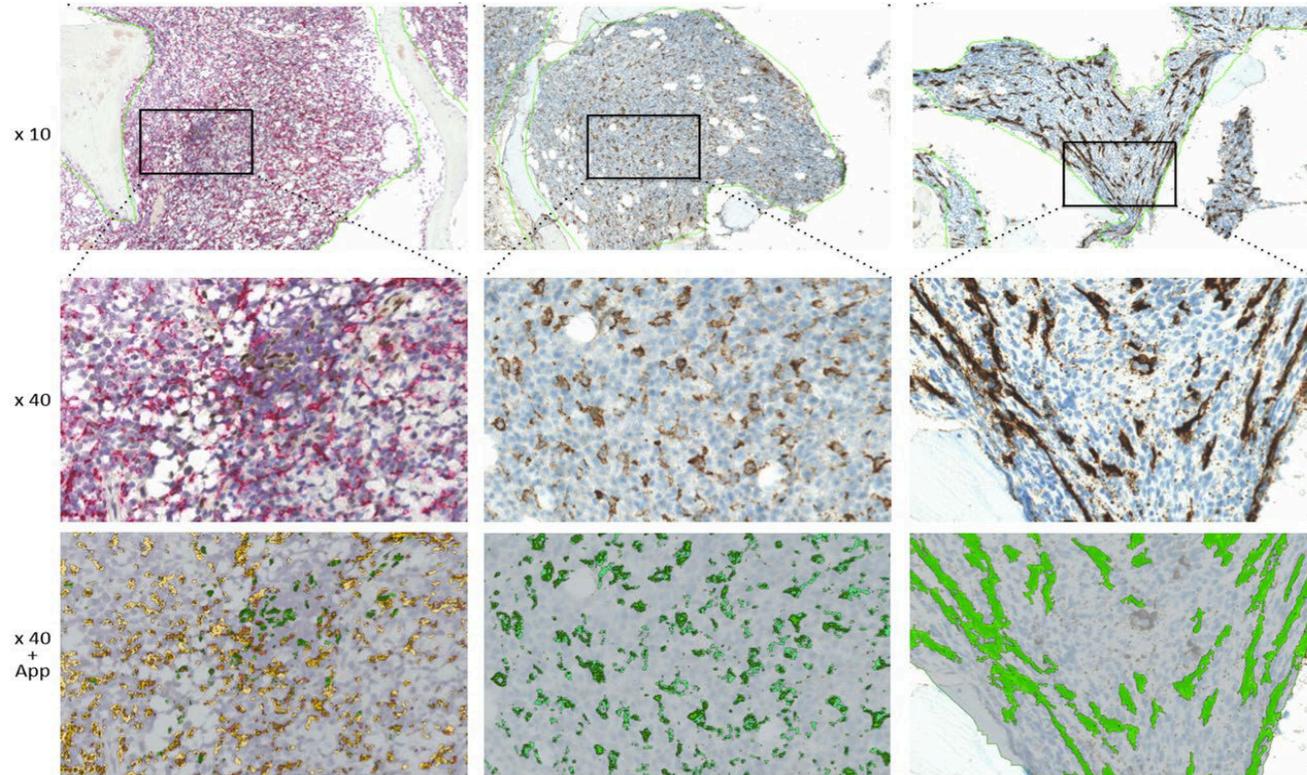


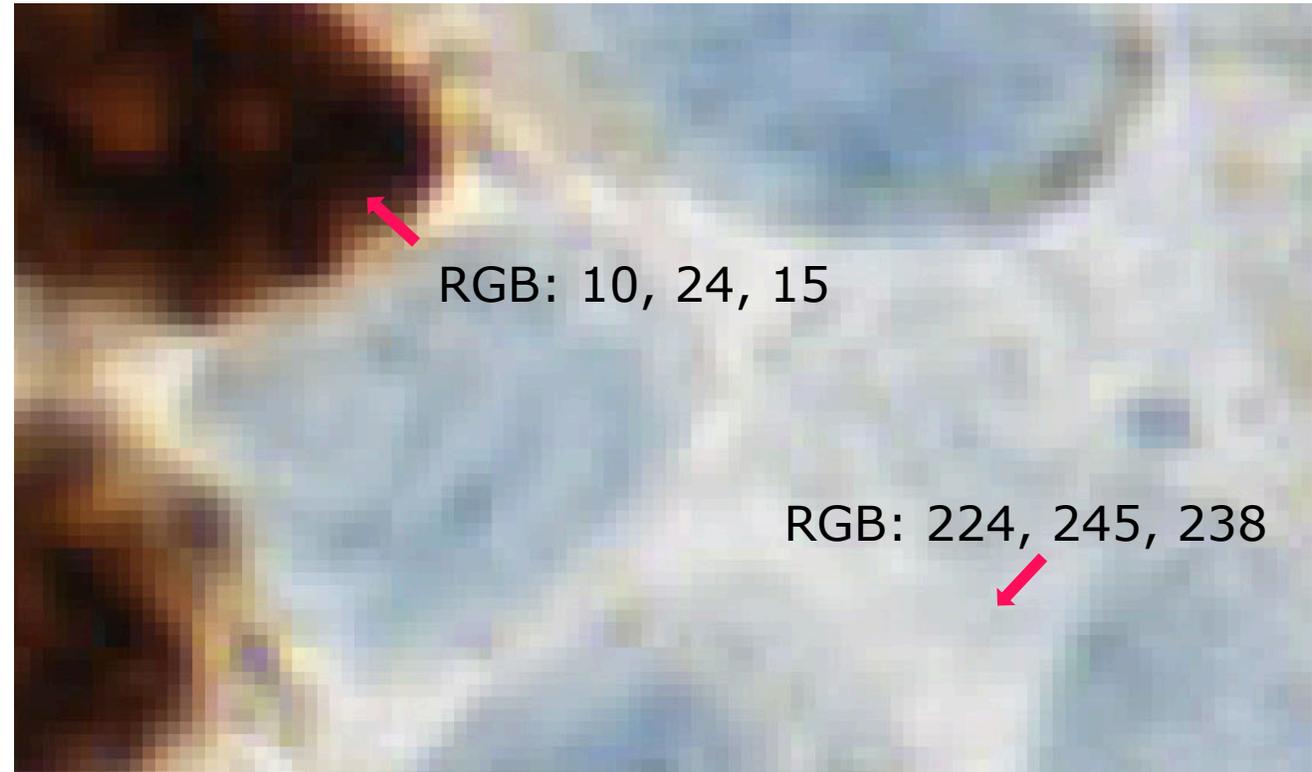
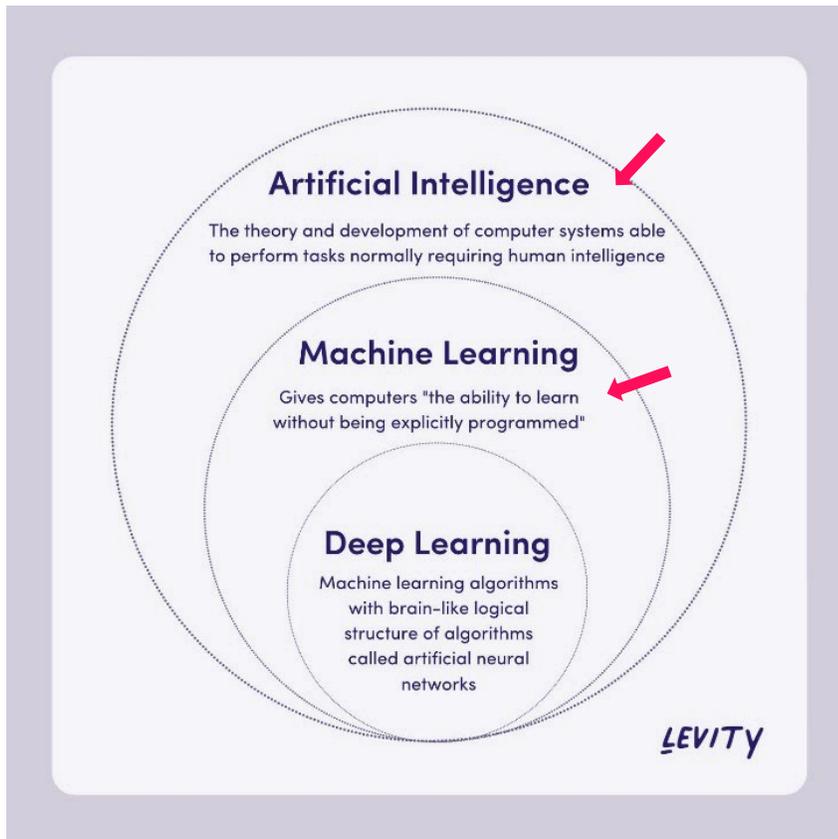
Digital billedanalyse

Digital billedanalyse



Flere eksempler



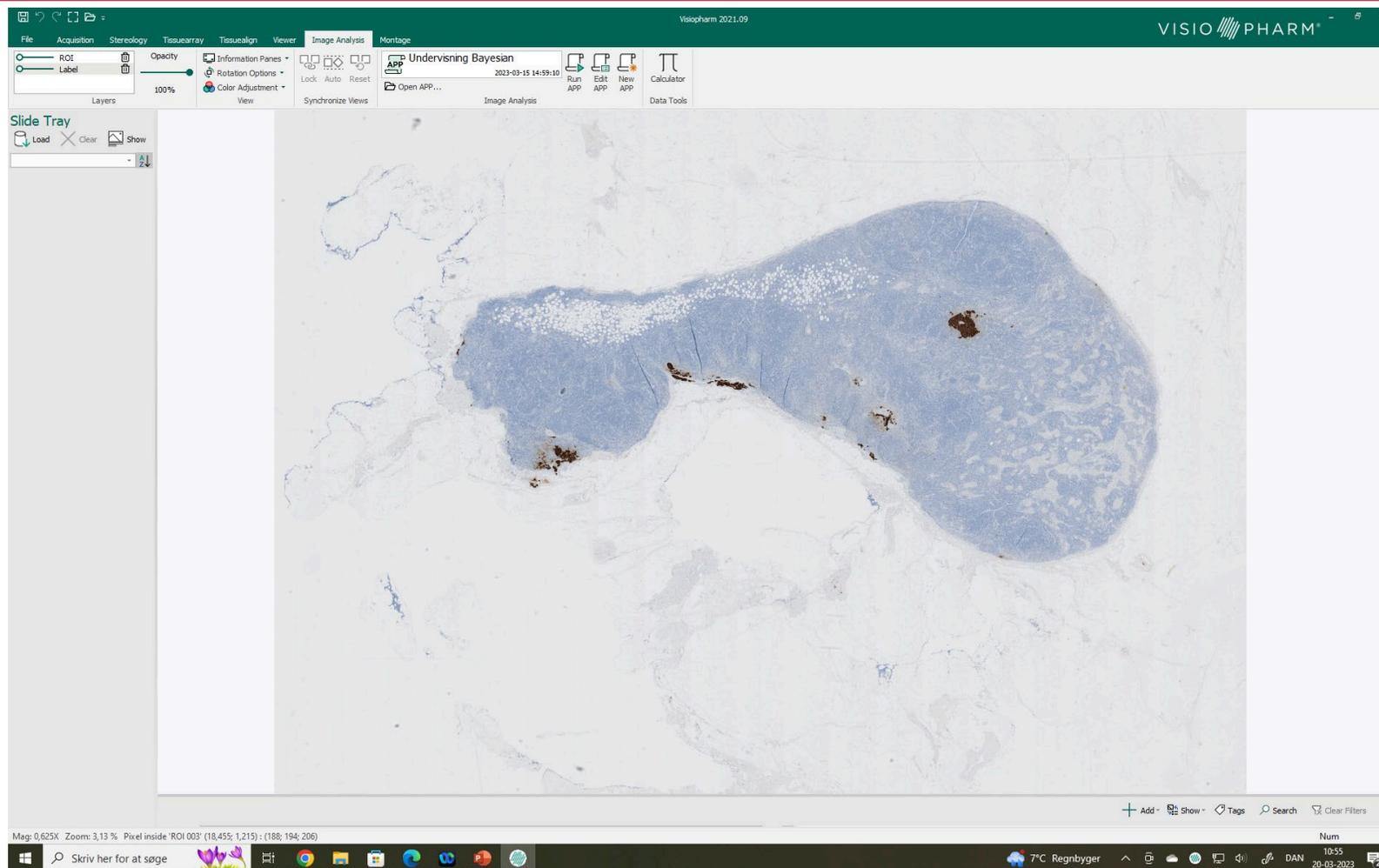


Hvad vi ser: En sentinel node lymfeknude fra en patient med mamma-cancer. Vævssnittet er farvet med CK7/19

Vi har brug for 2 algoritmer:

Formål 1: Identificer Region of Interest (ROI)

Formål 2: Identificer evt. metastaser

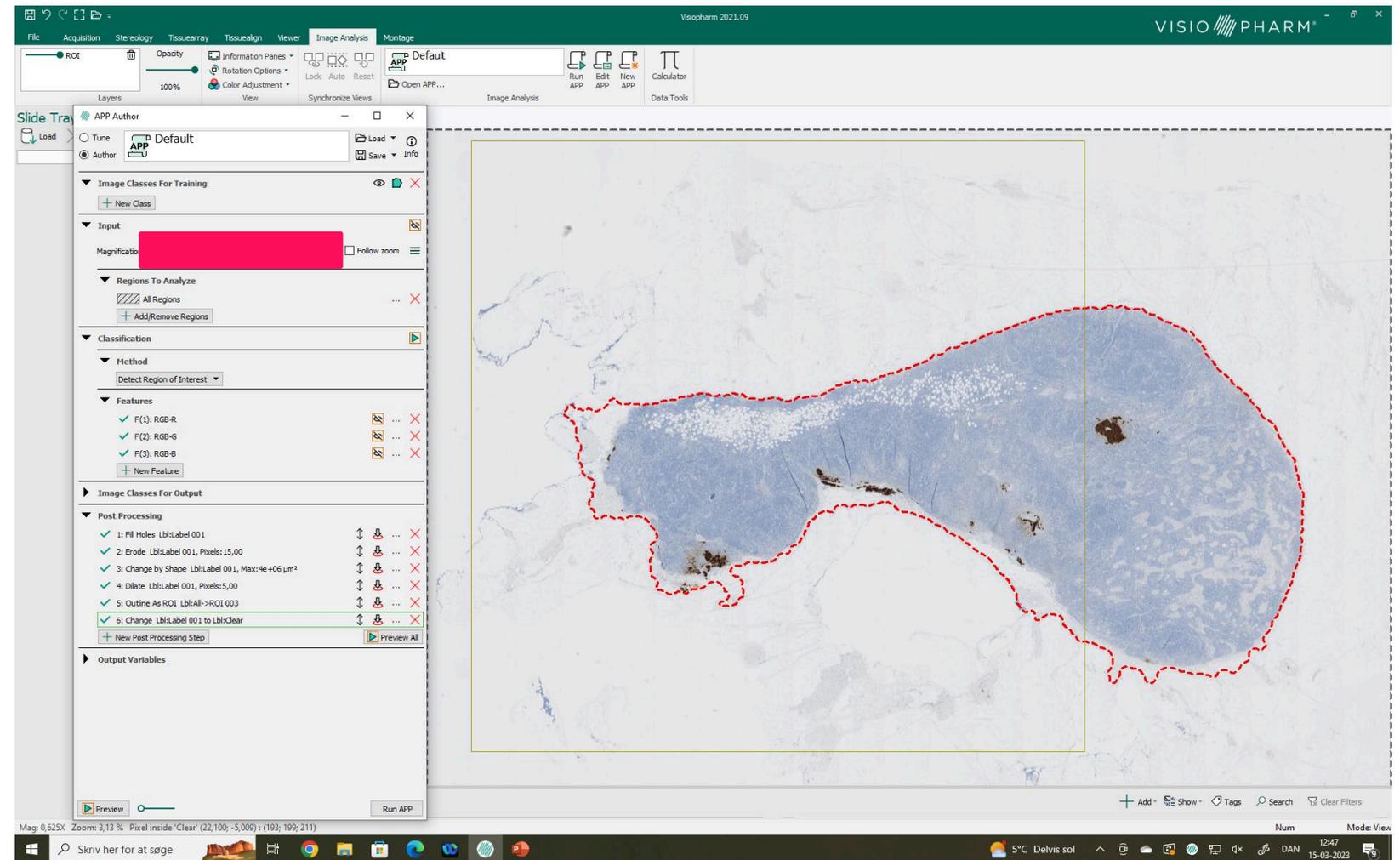


Formål 1: Identificer Region of Interest (ROI)

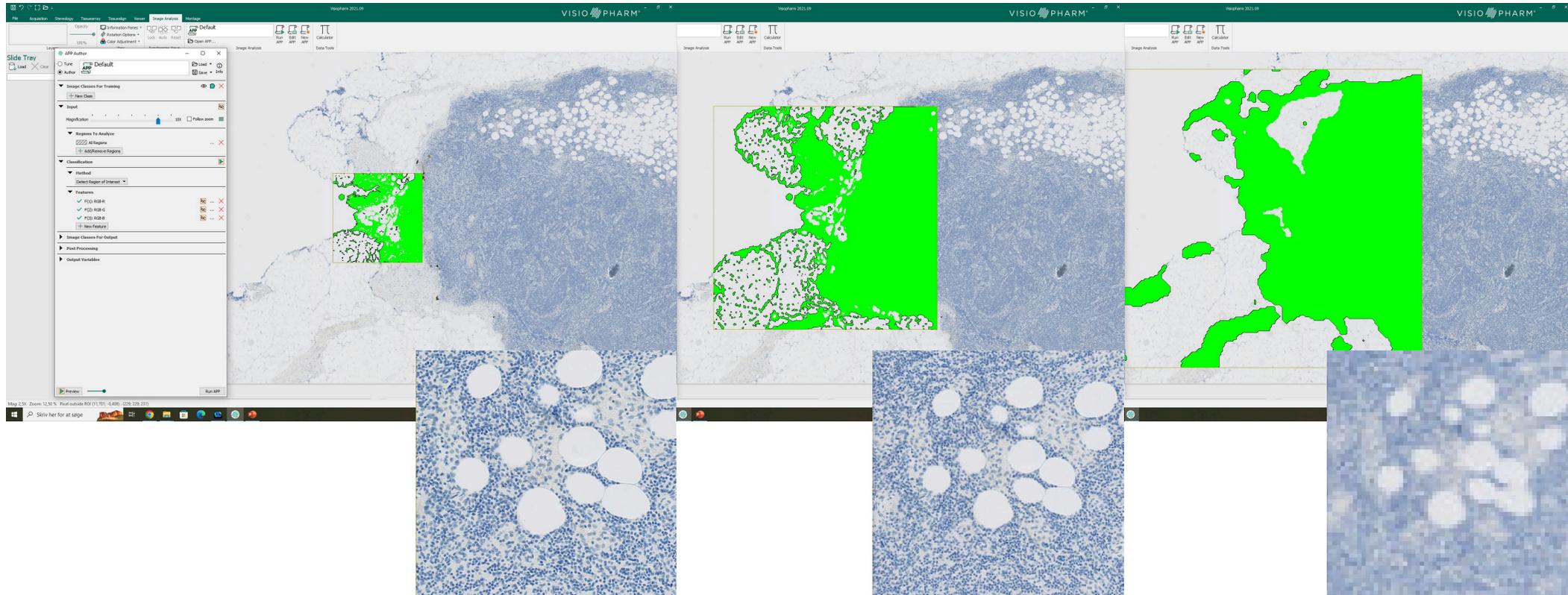
I dette tilfælde er ROI selve lymfeknuden

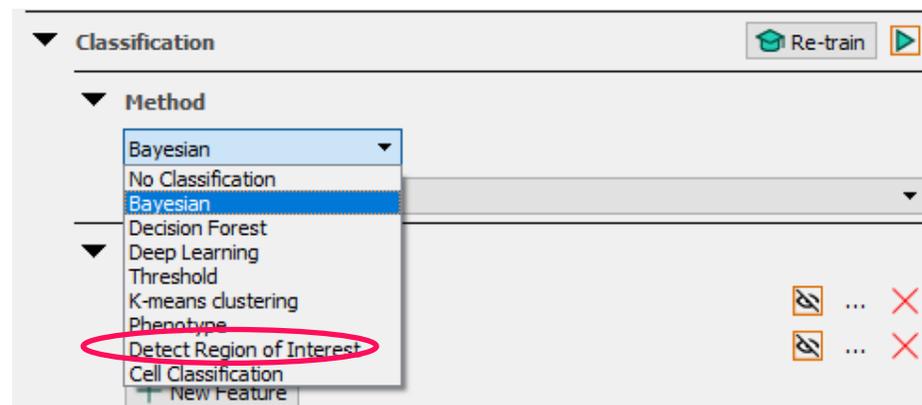
Det kunne være:

- Alt væv
- Tumorstof
- Hotspot
- En vævskomponent



Forstørrelse: Vælg forstørrelse





File Acquisition Stereology Tissuearray Tissuealign Viewer Image Analysis Montage

Label Opacity Information Panes Rotation Options Color Adjustment View Lock Auto Reset APP Default Open APP... Run APP Edit APP New APP Calculator Data Tools

Slide Tray APP Author

Load Tune Author Default Load Save Info

Image Classes For Training
+ New Class

Input
Magnification 0,5X Follow zoom

Regions To Analyze
All Regions Add/Remove Regions

Classification
Method: Detect Region of Interest

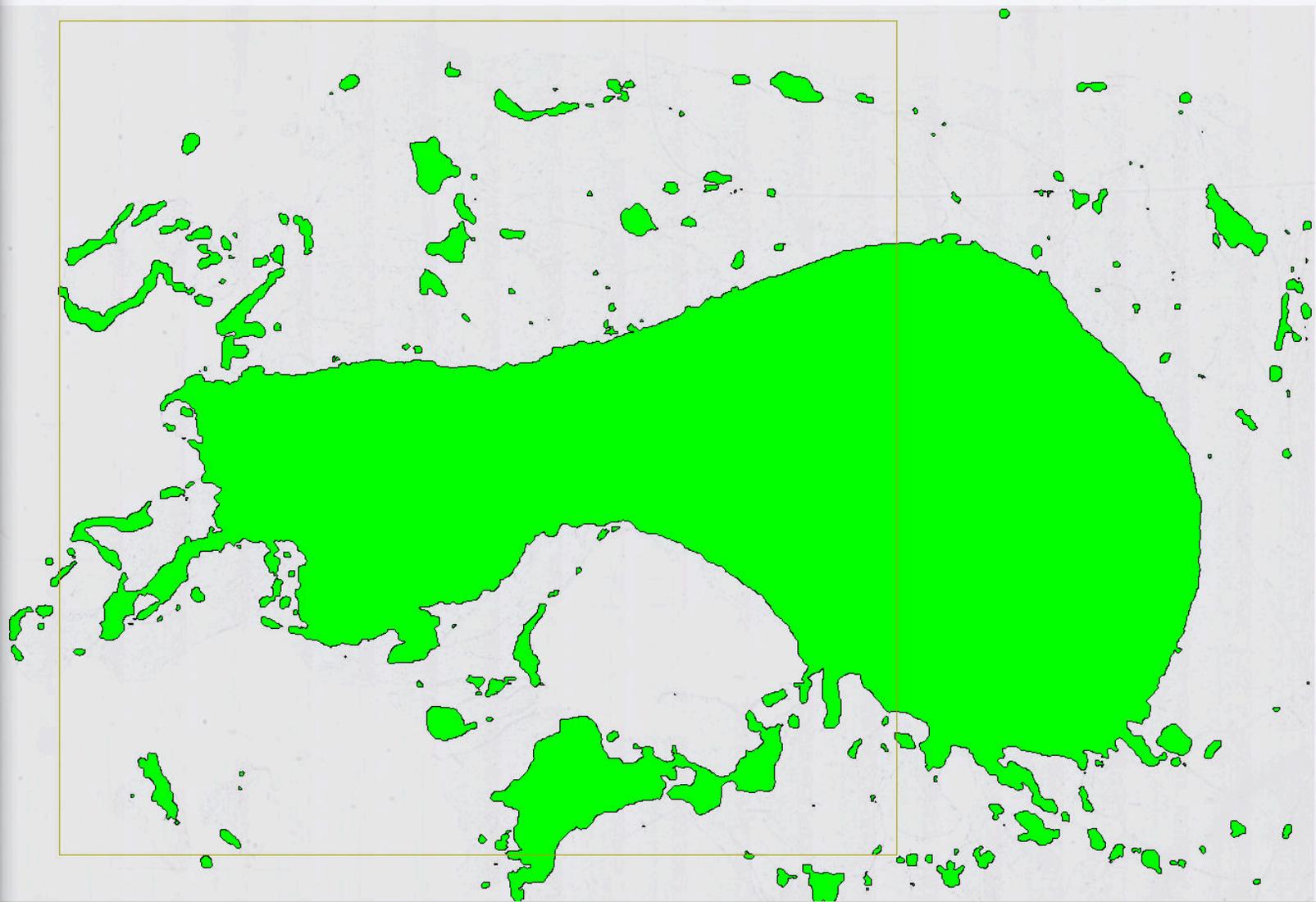
Features
F(1): RGB-R F(2): RGB-G F(3): RGB-B
+ New Feature

Image Classes For Output

Post Processing
1: Fill Holes Lbl:Label 001
+ New Post Processing Step Preview All

Output Variables

Preview Run APP



+ Add Show Tags Search Clear Filters

Mag: 0,625X Zoom: 3,13 %

File Acquisition Stereology Tissuearray Tissuealign Viewer Image Analysis Montage

Label Opacity 100% Information Panes Rotation Options Color Adjustment View Lock Auto Reset APP Default Open APP... Run APP Edit APP New APP Calculator Data Tools

Slide Tray APP Author

○ Tune **APP Default** Load Save Info

● Author

Image Classes For Training

+ New Class

Input

Magnification 0,5X Follow zoom

Regions To Analyze

All Regions Add/Remove Regions

Classification

Method

Detect Region of Interest

Features

- ✓ F(1): RGB-R
- ✓ F(2): RGB-G
- ✓ F(3): RGB-B

+ New Feature

Image Classes For Output

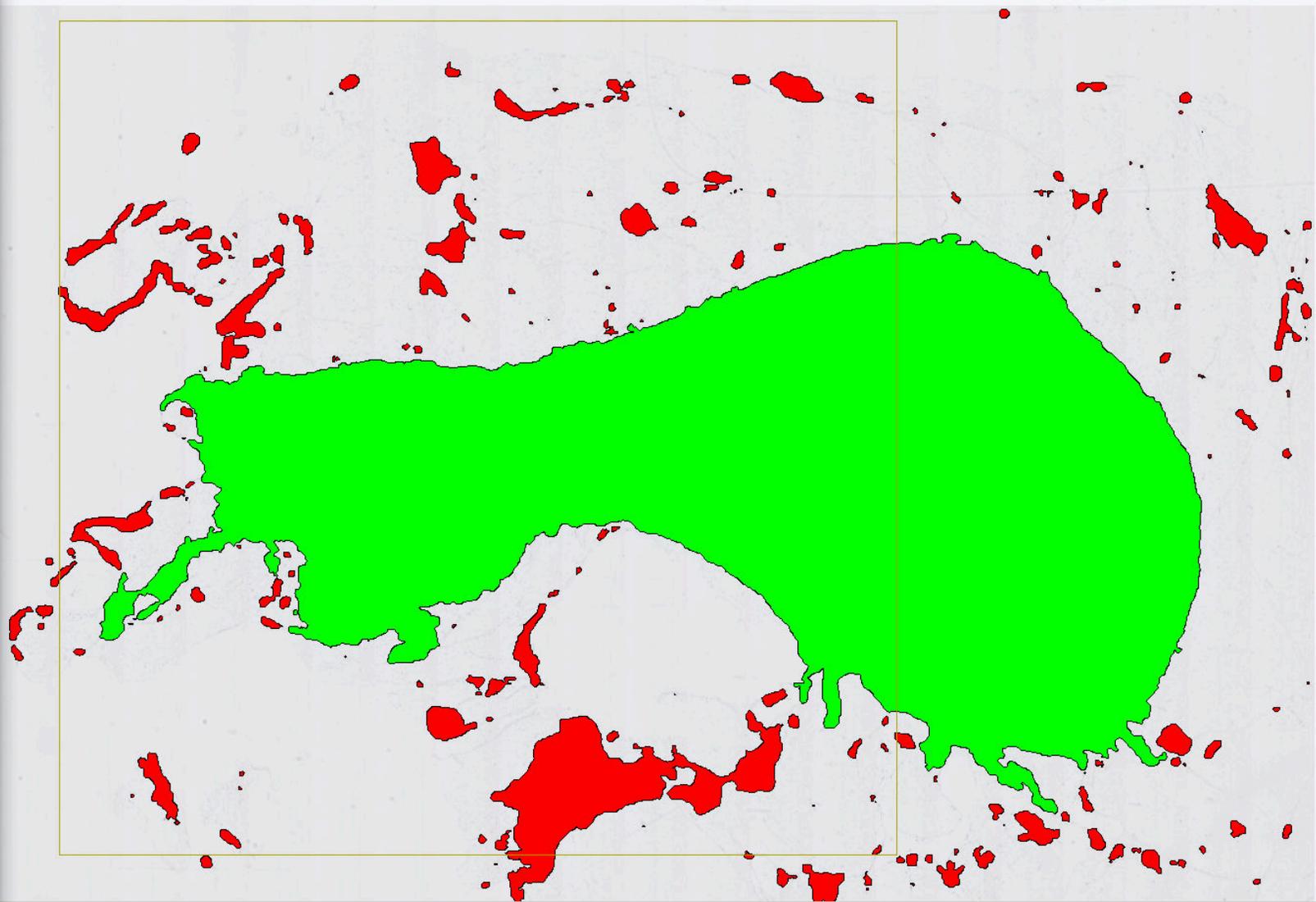
Post Processing

- ✓ 1: Fill Holes Lbl:Label 001
- ✓ 2: Change by Shape Lbl:Label 001, Max:4e+06 μm²
- 3: Erode Lbl:Label 001, Pixels:10,00

+ New Post Processing Step Preview All

Output Variables

Preview Run APP



Mag: 0,625X Zoom: 3,13 % Pixel outside ROI (10,525; -4,878) : (229; 231; 232)

+ Add Show Tags Search Clear Filters

File Acquisition Stereology Tissuearray Tissuealign Viewer Image Analysis Montage

Layers: ROI, Label, Opacity: 100%

Information Panes, Rotation Options, Color Adjustment

Lock Auto Reset

APP Default, Open APP...

Run APP, Edit APP, New APP, Calculator

Image Analysis, Data Tools

Slide Tray

APP Author

Tune, Author

Image Classes For Training

Input

Magnification: 0,5X

Regions To Analyze

Classification

Method: Detect Region of Interest

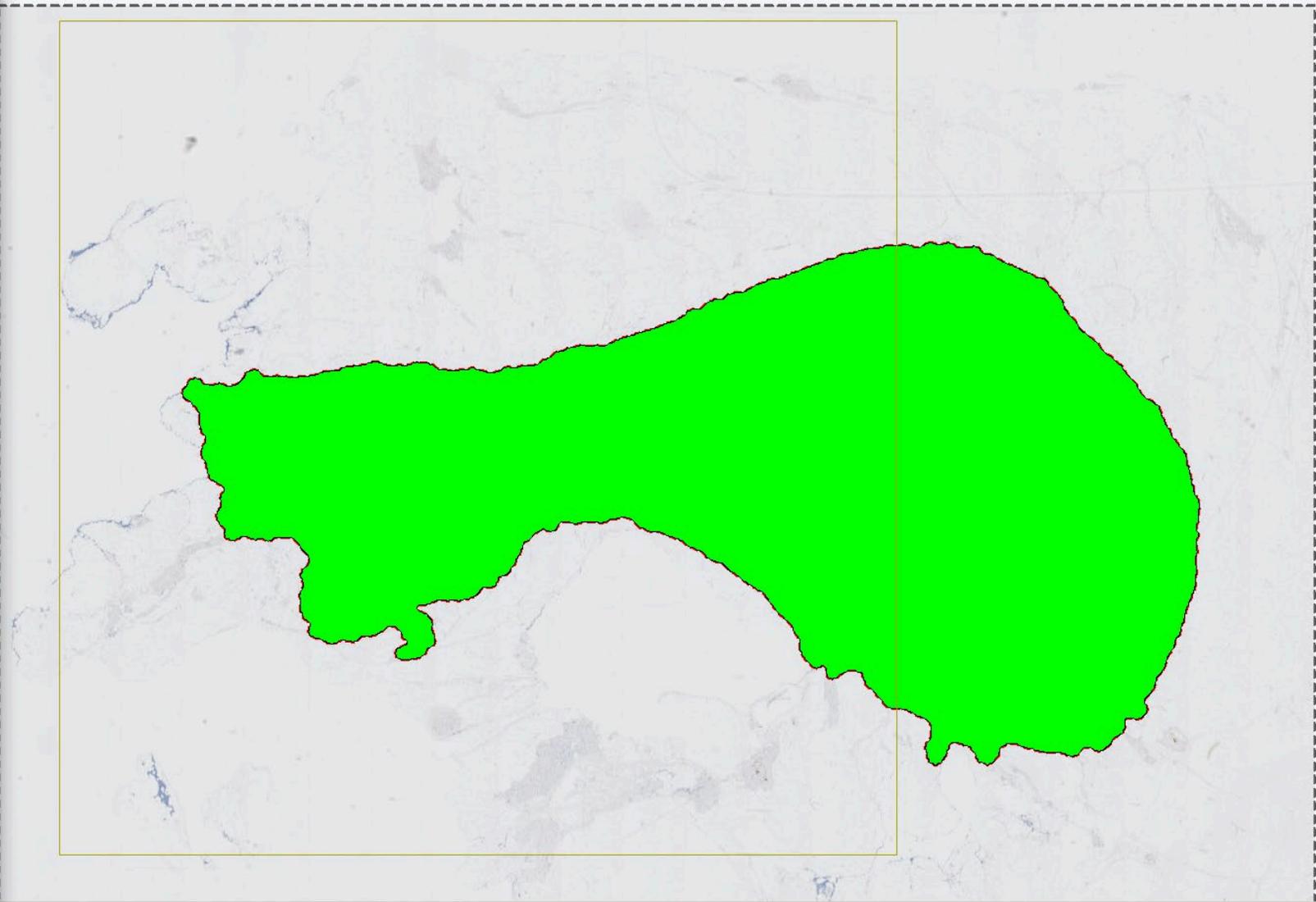
Features

Image Classes For Output

Post Processing

Output Variables

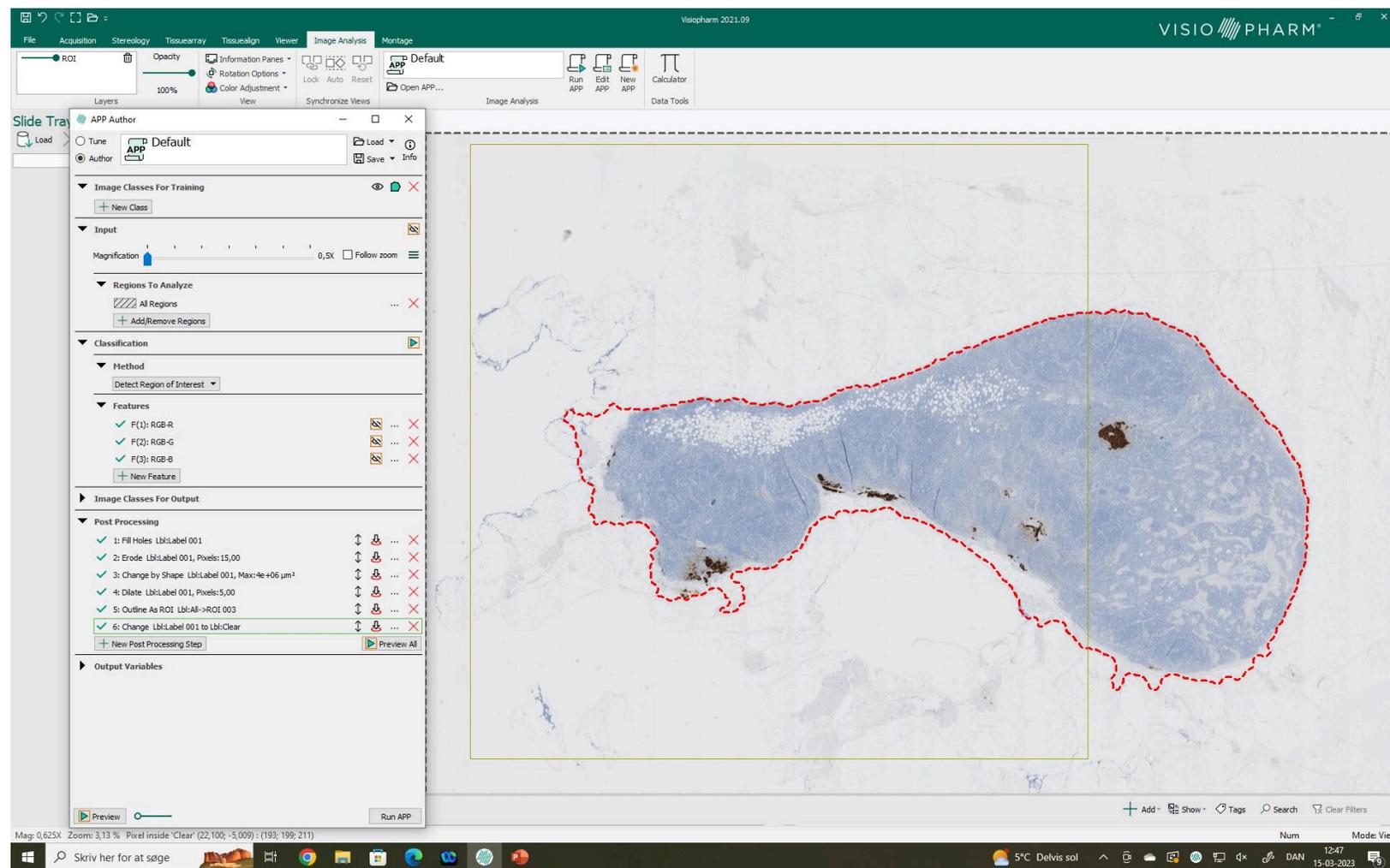
Preview, Run APP



Mag: 0,625X Zoom: 3,13 % Pixel inside 'Clear (27,458; -2,422) : (230; 230; 232)

Num Mode: View

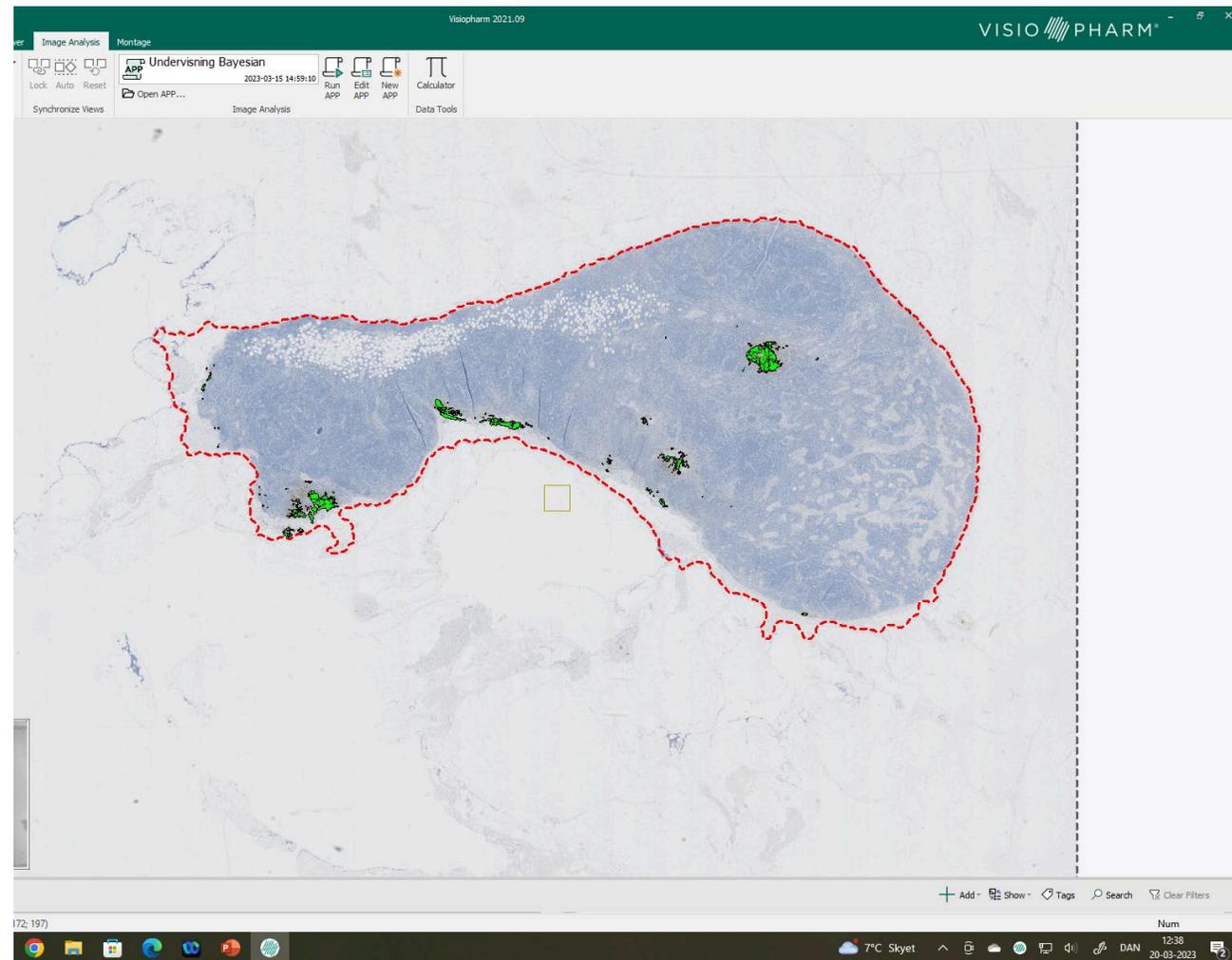
Formål 1: Identifier Region of Interest (ROI)

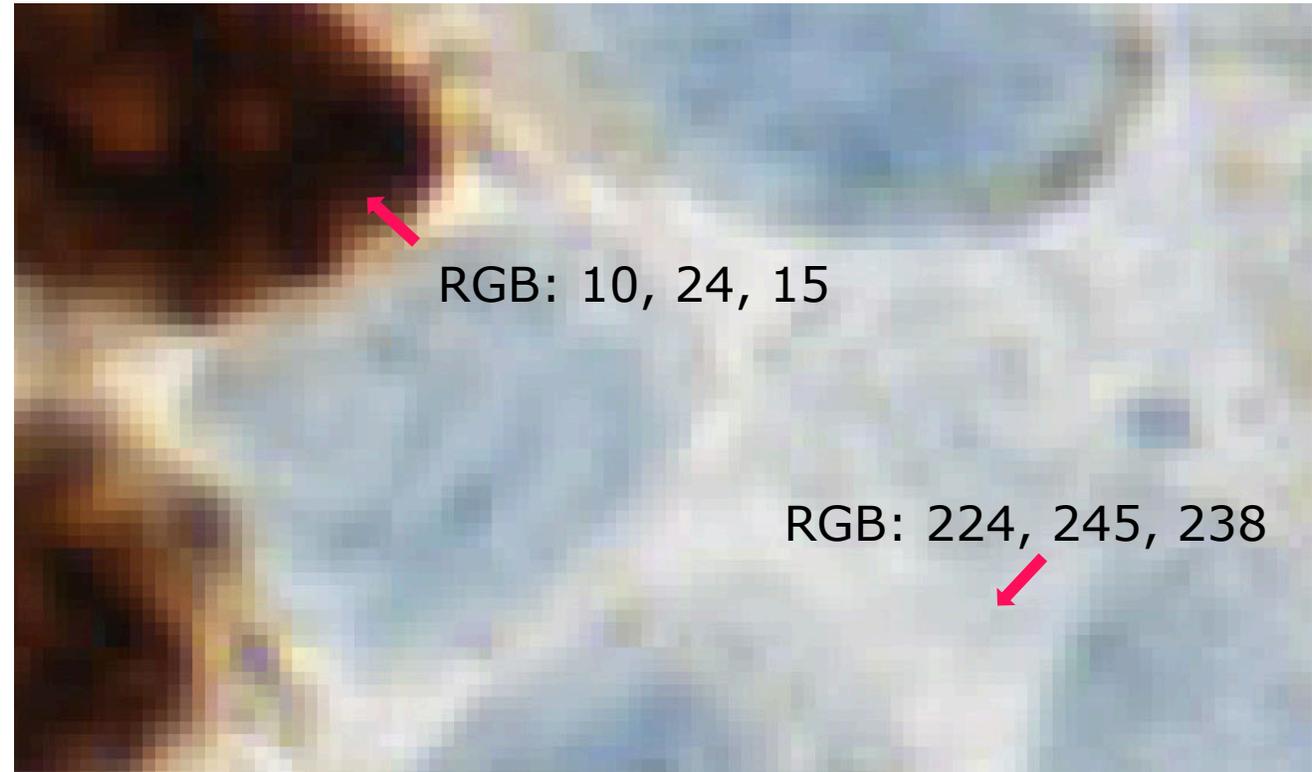
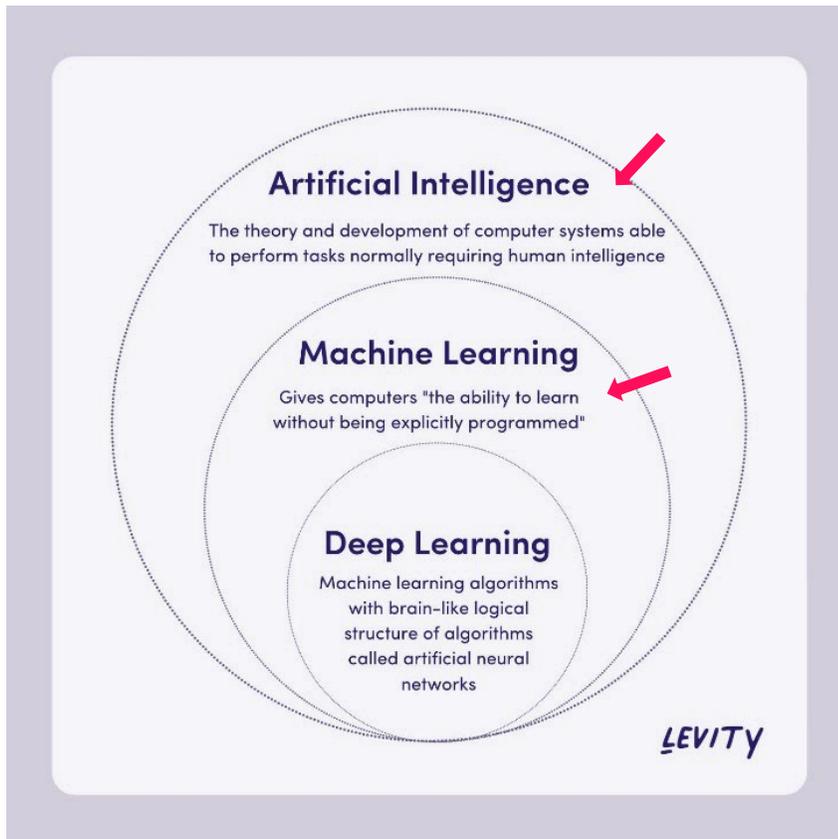


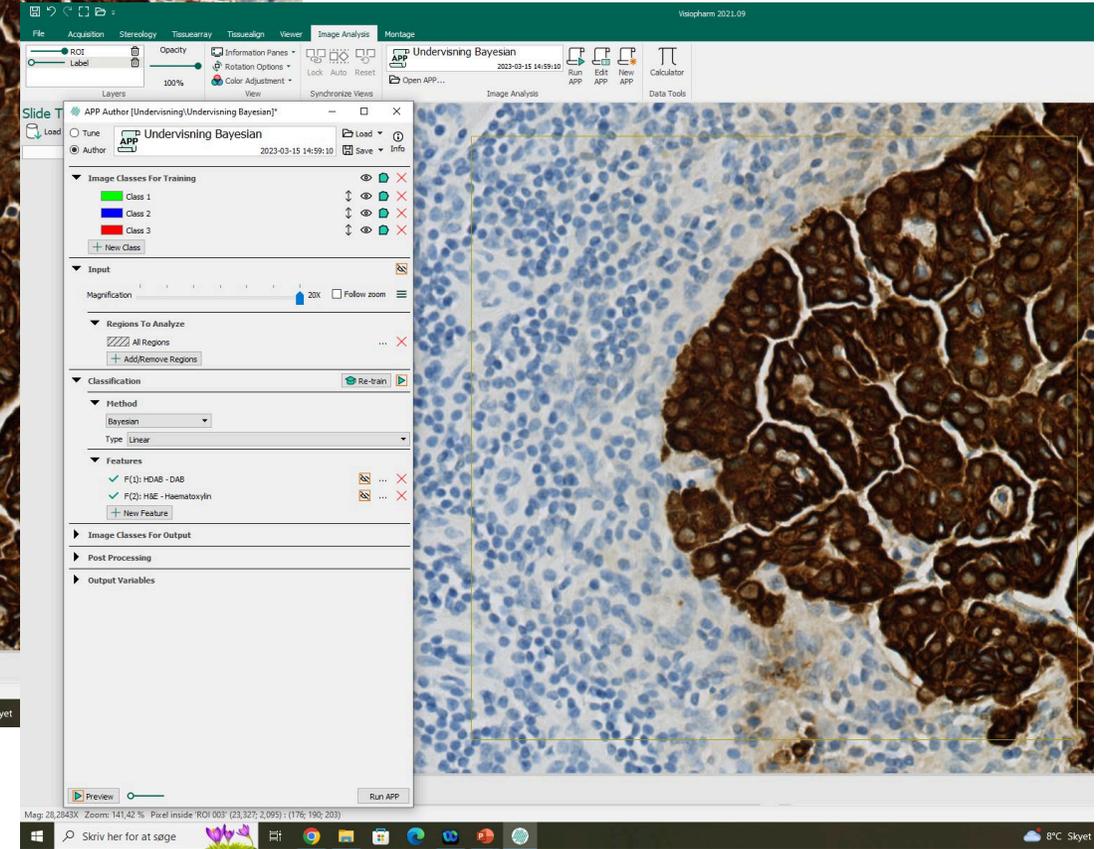
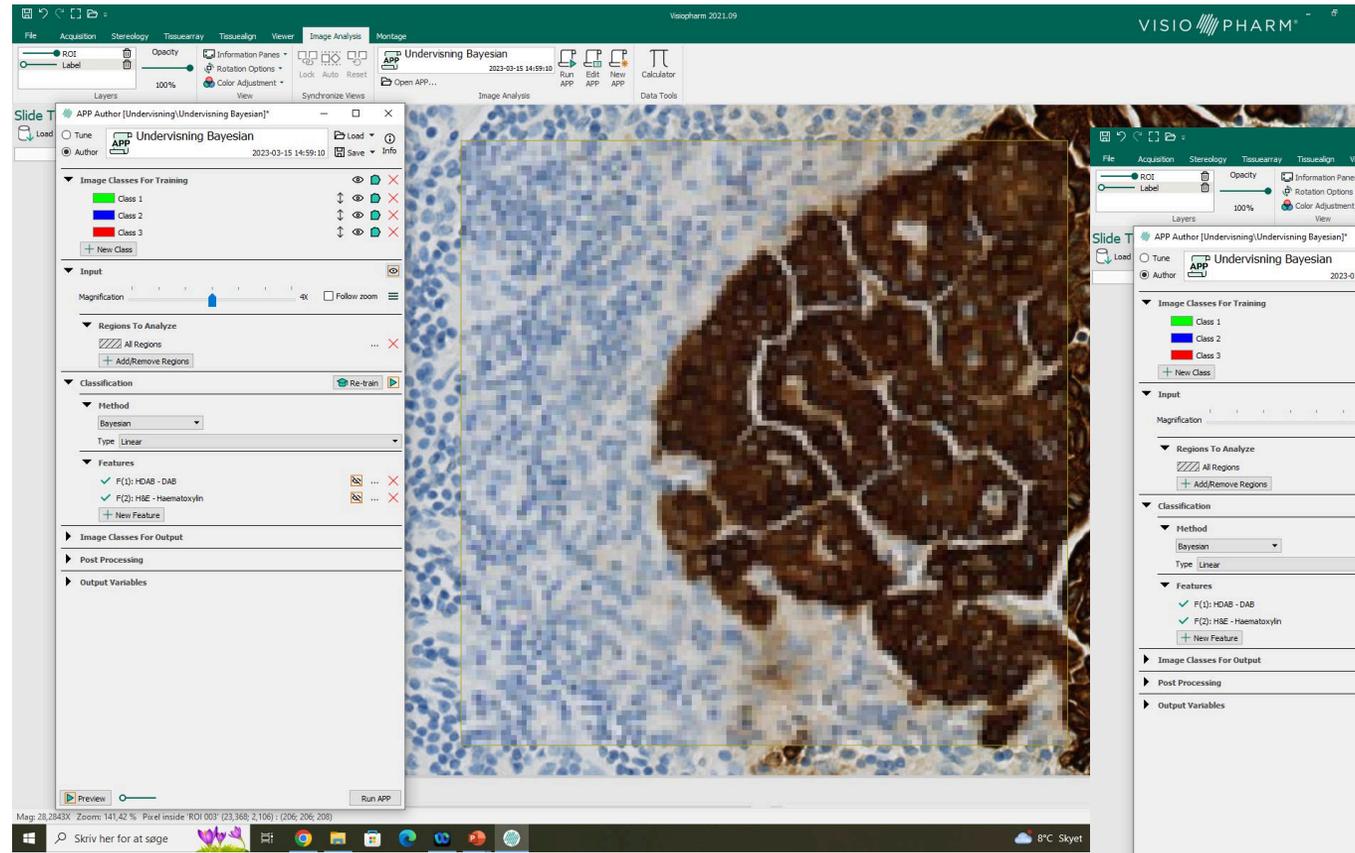
Formål 2: Identificer evt. metastaser

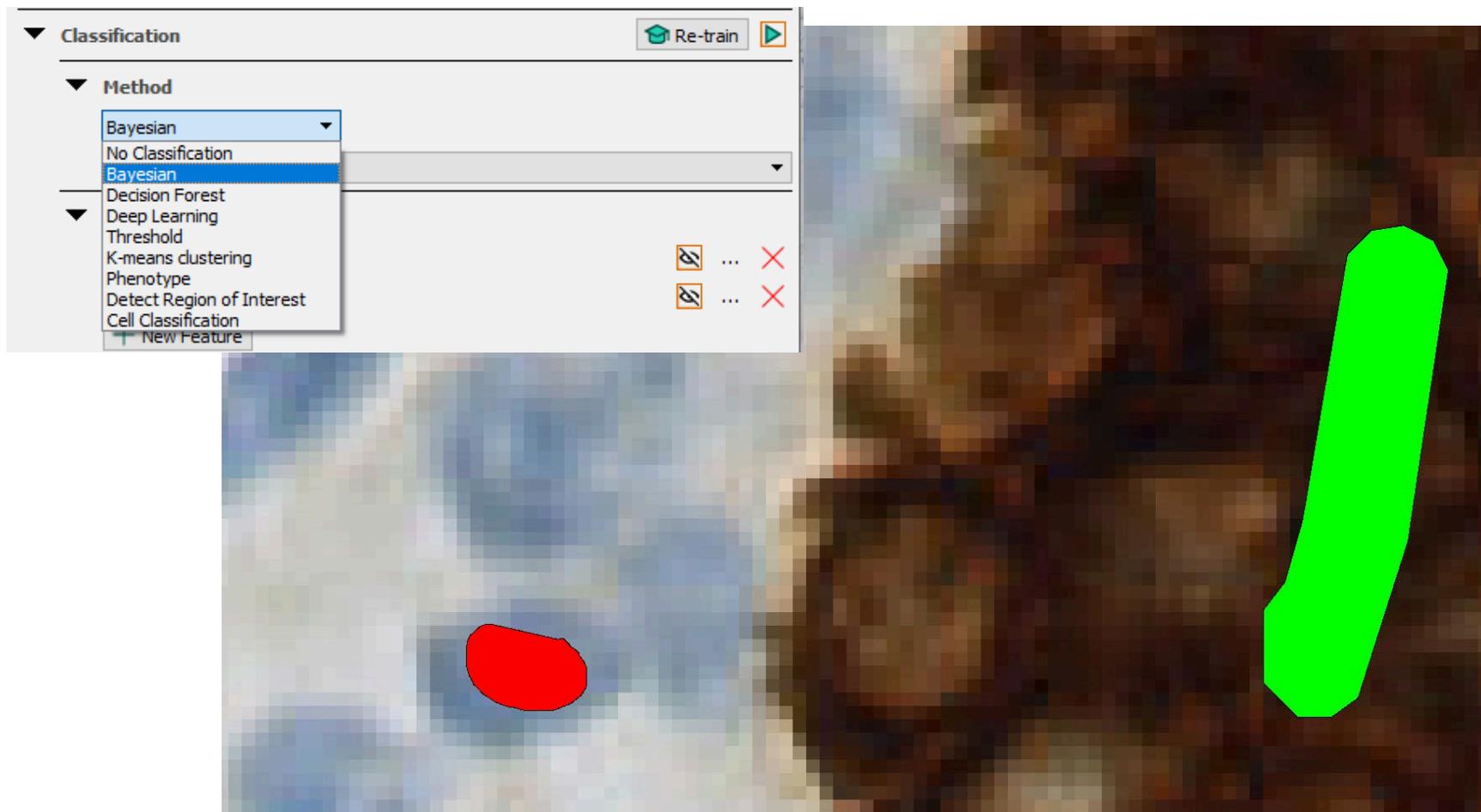
Det kunne være:

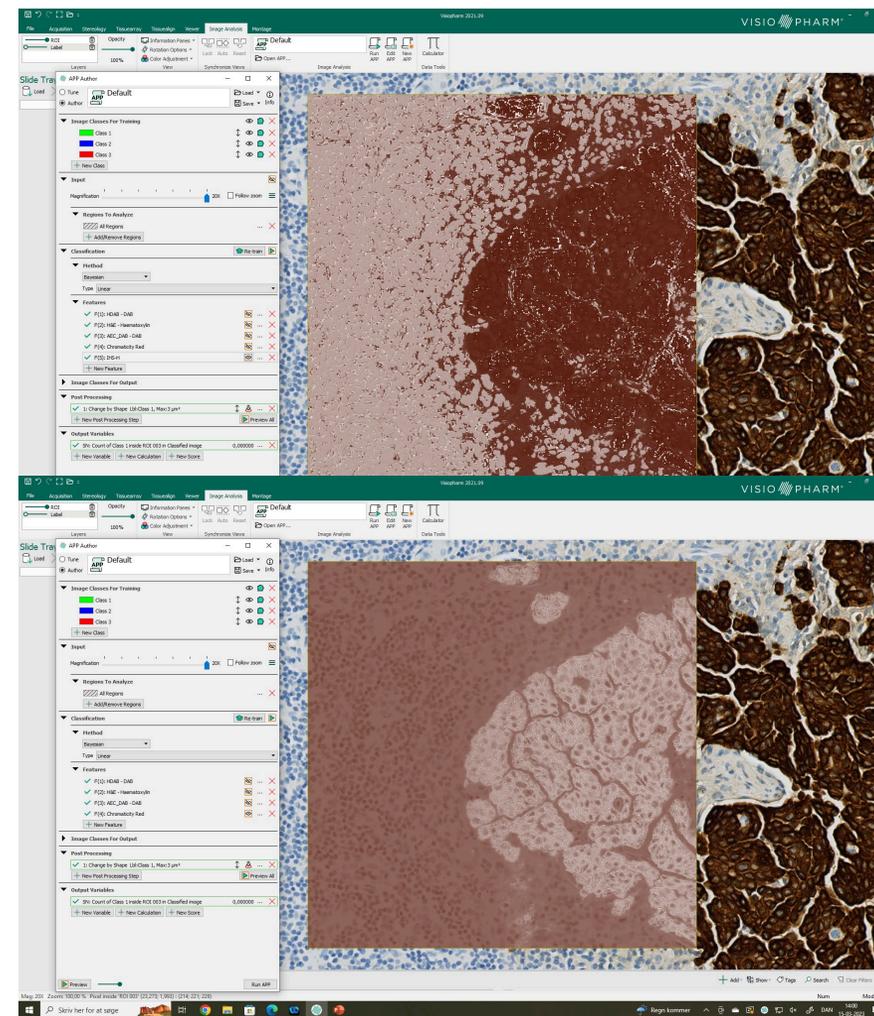
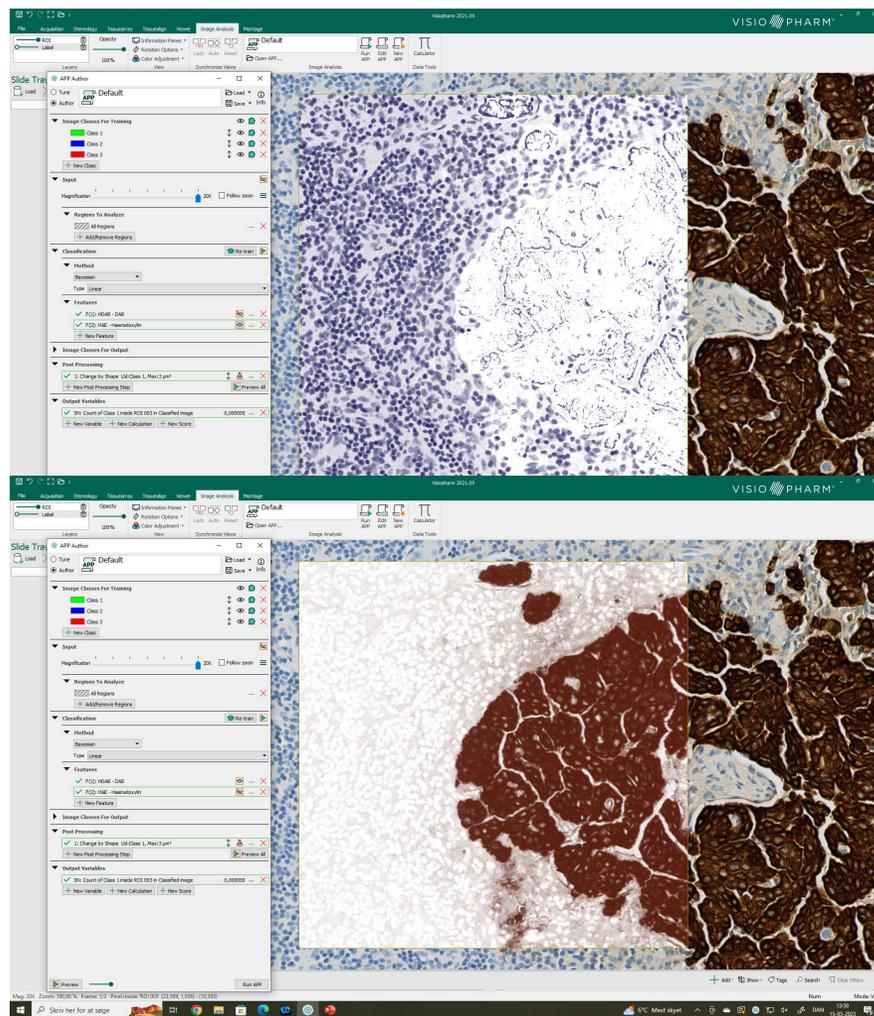
- Arealfraktioner
- Index











File Acquisition Stereology Tissuearray Tissuealign Viewer **Image Analysis** Montage

ROI Label Opacity 100% Information Panes Rotation Options Color Adjustment View Lock Auto Reset Synchronize Views

APP Default Open APP... Run APP Edit APP New APP Calculator Data Tools

Slide Tray APP Author

Load Tune Author APP Default Load Save Info

Image Classes For Training

- Class 1
- Class 2
- Class 3
- + New Class

Input

Magnification 20X Follow zoom

Regions To Analyze

- All Regions
- + Add/Remove Regions

Classification Re-train

Method

Bayesian Type Linear

Features

- F(1): HDAB - DAB
- F(2): H&E - Haematoxylin
- + New Feature

Image Classes For Output

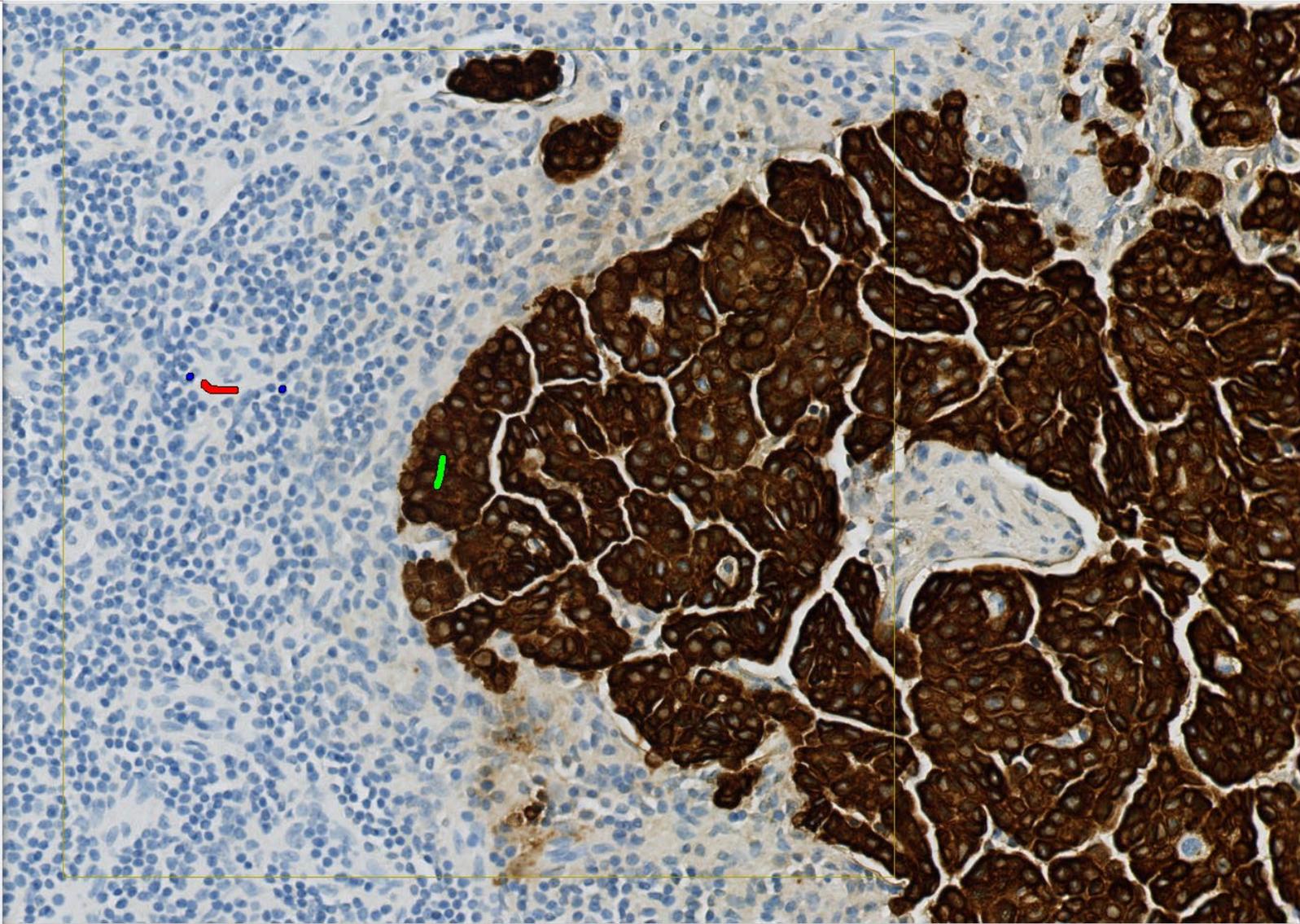
Post Processing

- 1: Change by Shape Lbl:Class 1, Max:3 μm^2
- + New Post Processing Step
- Preview All

Output Variables

- SN: Count of Class 1 inside ROI 003 in Classified image 0,000000
- + New Variable + New Calculation + New Score

Preview Run APP



Mag: 20X Zoom: 100,00 % Pixel inside 'ROI 003' (23,317; 2,053) : (157; 177; 201)

+ Add Show Tags Search Clear Filters

File Acquisition Stereology Tissuearray Tissuealign Viewer Image Analysis Montage

ROI Label Opacity 100%

Information Panes Rotation Options Color Adjustment

Lock Auto Reset Synchronize Views

APP Default Open APP...

Run APP Edit APP New APP Calculator

Image Analysis Data Tools

Slide Tray APP Author

Tune Author

Image Classes For Training

- Class 1
- Class 2
- Class 3

Input

Magnification 20X Follow zoom

Regions To Analyze

All Regions Add/Remove Regions

Classification

Method Bayesian

Type Linear

Features

- F(1): HDAB - DAB
- F(2): H&E - Haematoxylin

Image Classes For Output

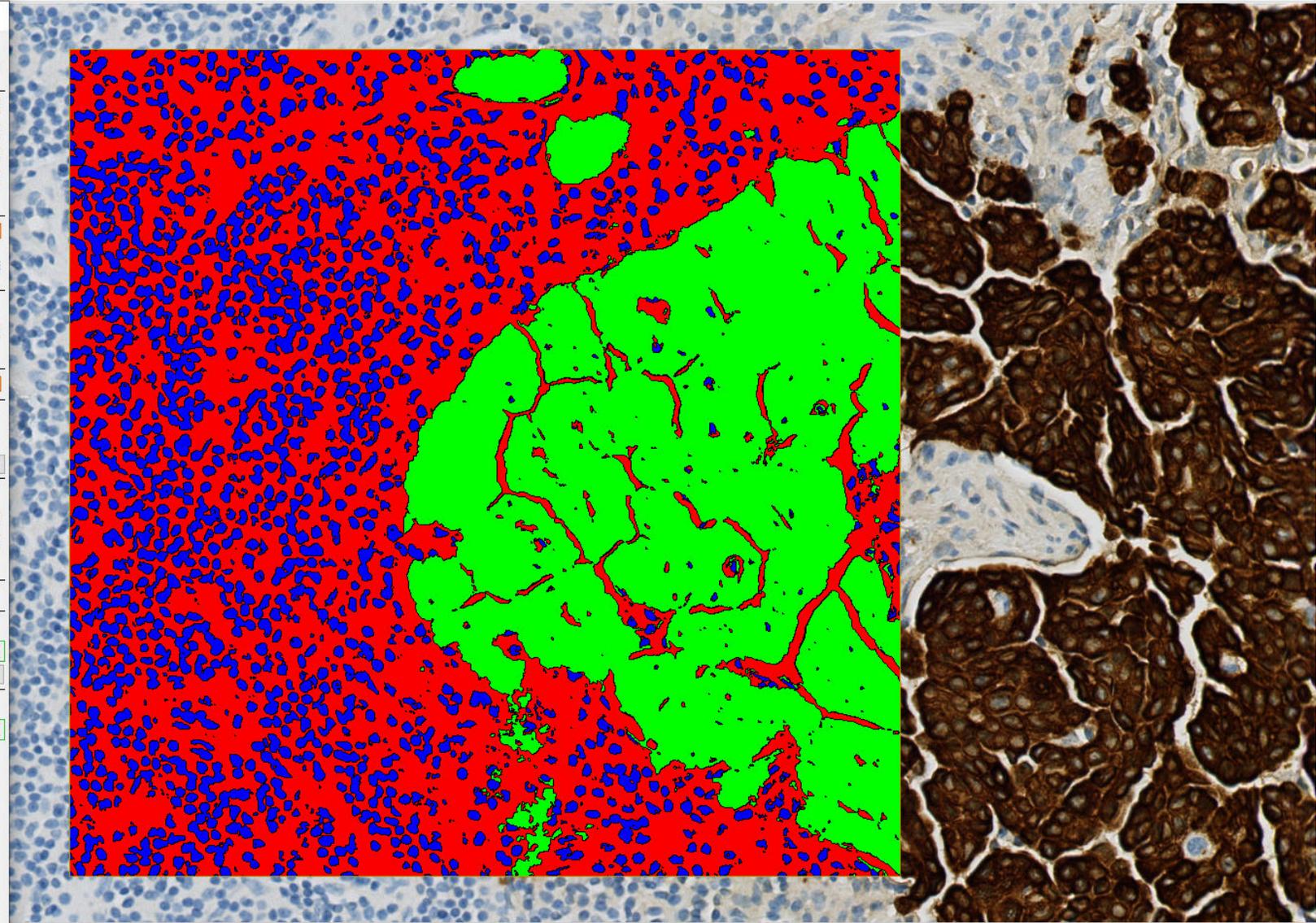
Post Processing

1: Change by Shape Lbl:Class 1, Max:3 μm²

Output Variables

SN: Count of Class 1 inside ROI 003 in Classified image 0,000000

Preview Run APP



Mag: 20X Zoom: 100,00 % Pixel inside 'ROI 003' (23,880; 1,864) : (42; 15; 4)

+ Add Show Tags Search Clear Filters

File Acquisition Stereology Tissuearray Tissuealign Viewer **Image Analysis** Montage

ROI Label Opacity 100%

Information Panes Rotation Options Color Adjustment

Lock Auto Reset

Layers View Synchronize Views

APP Undersiving Bayesian 2023-03-15 14:19:47

Run APP Edit APP New APP Calculator

Open APP... Image Analysis Data Tools

Slide Tray APP Author [Undersiving\Undersiving Bayesian]*

Load Undersiving Bayesian 2023-03-15 14:19:47 Save Info

Image Classes For Training

- Class 1
- Class 2
- Class 3
- + New Class

Input

Magnification 20X Follow zoom

Regions To Analyze

- All Regions
- + Add/Remove Regions

Classification Re-train

Method

Bayesian

Type Linear

Features

- F(1): HDAB - DAB
- F(2): H&E - Haematoxylin
- + New Feature

Image Classes For Output

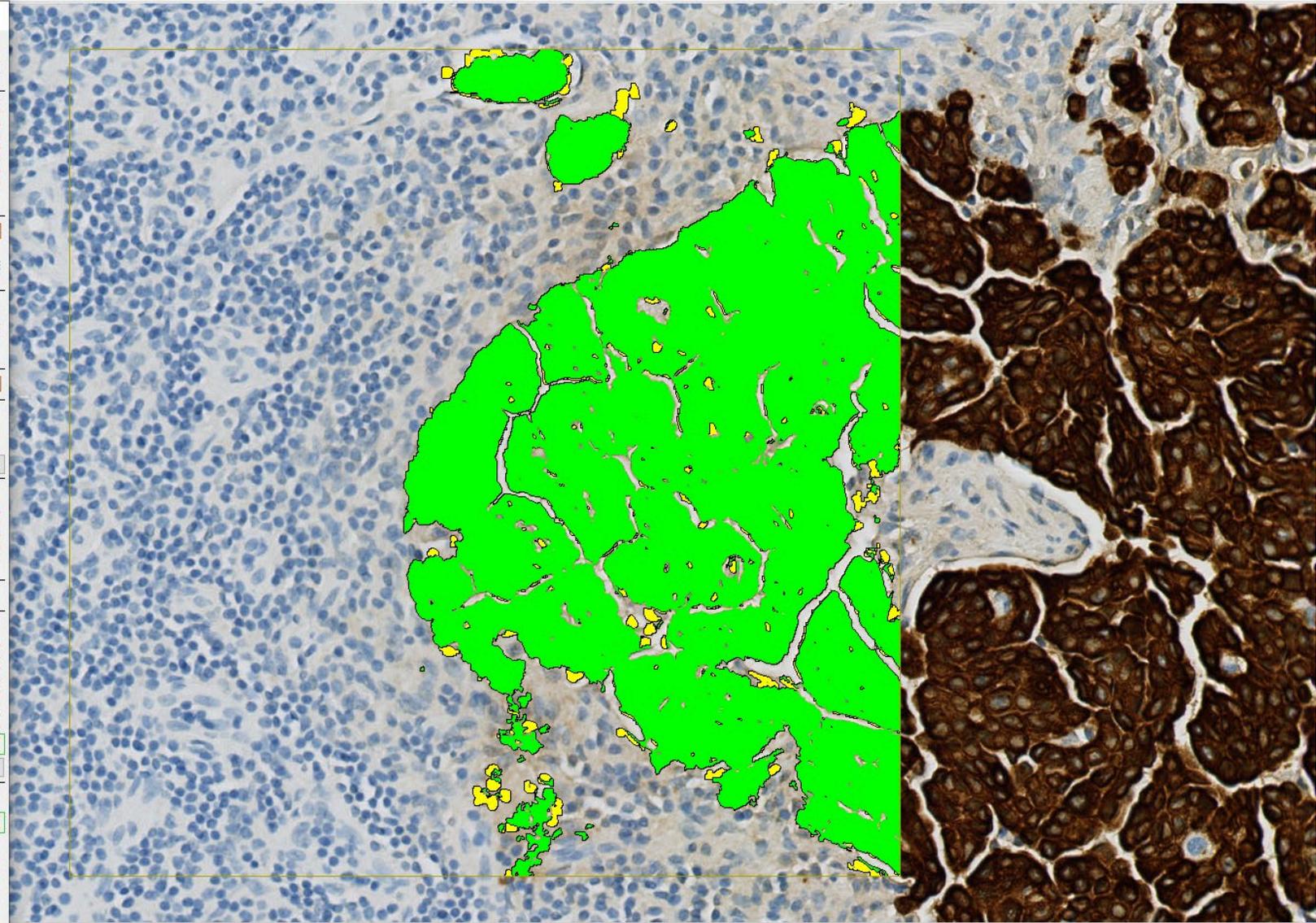
Post Processing

- 1: Change by Shape Lbl:Class 1, Max:3 μm^2
- 2: Change Lbl:Class 3 to Lbl:Clear
- 3: Dilate Lbl:Class 2, Pixels:3,00
- 4: Change Surrounded Lbl:Class 2, Min:0,1
- 5: Change Lbl:Class 2 to Lbl:Clear
- + New Post Processing Step
- Preview All

Output Variables

- SN: Count of Class 1 inside ROI 003 in Classified image 32,000000
- + New Variable + New Calculation + New Score

Preview Run APP

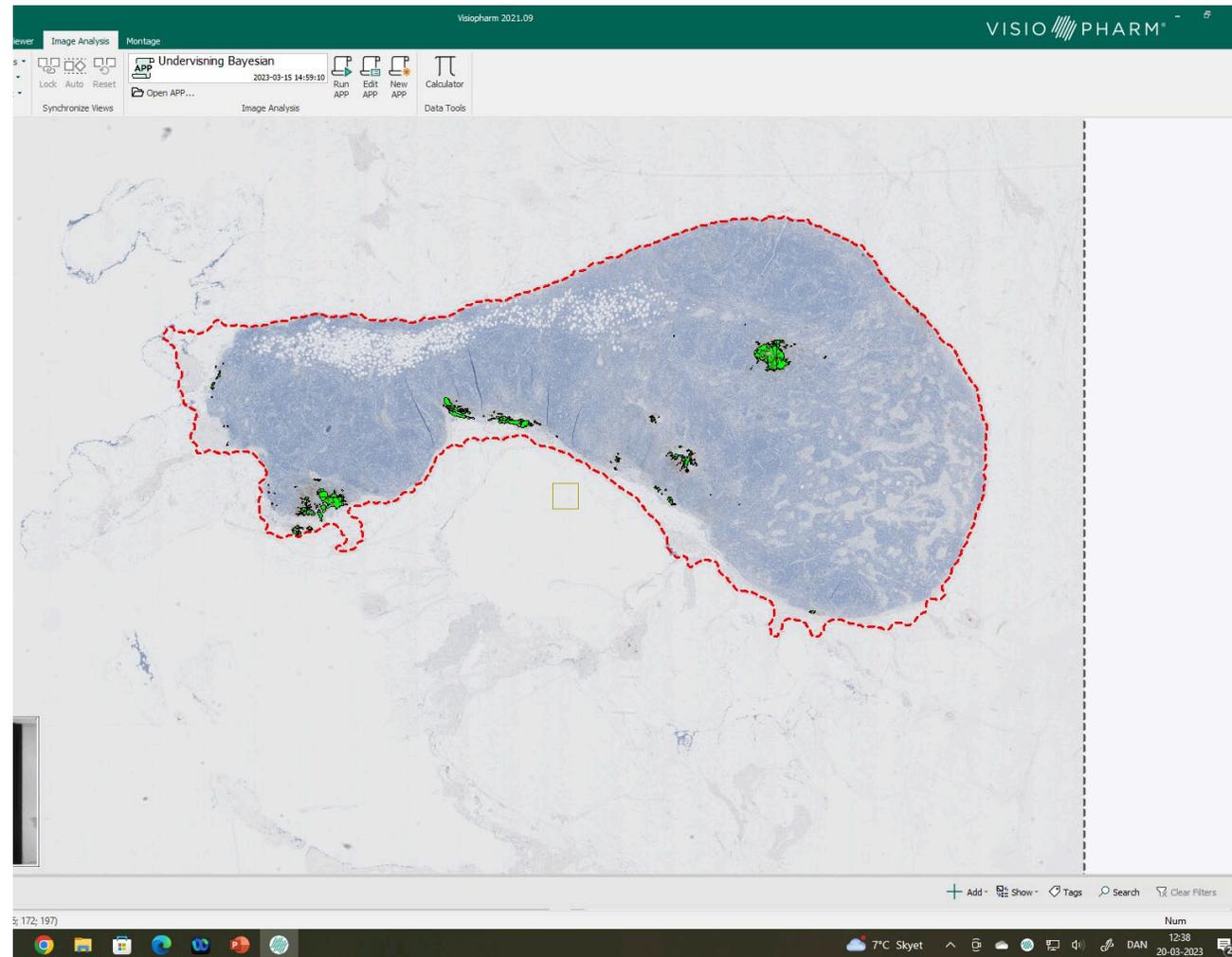


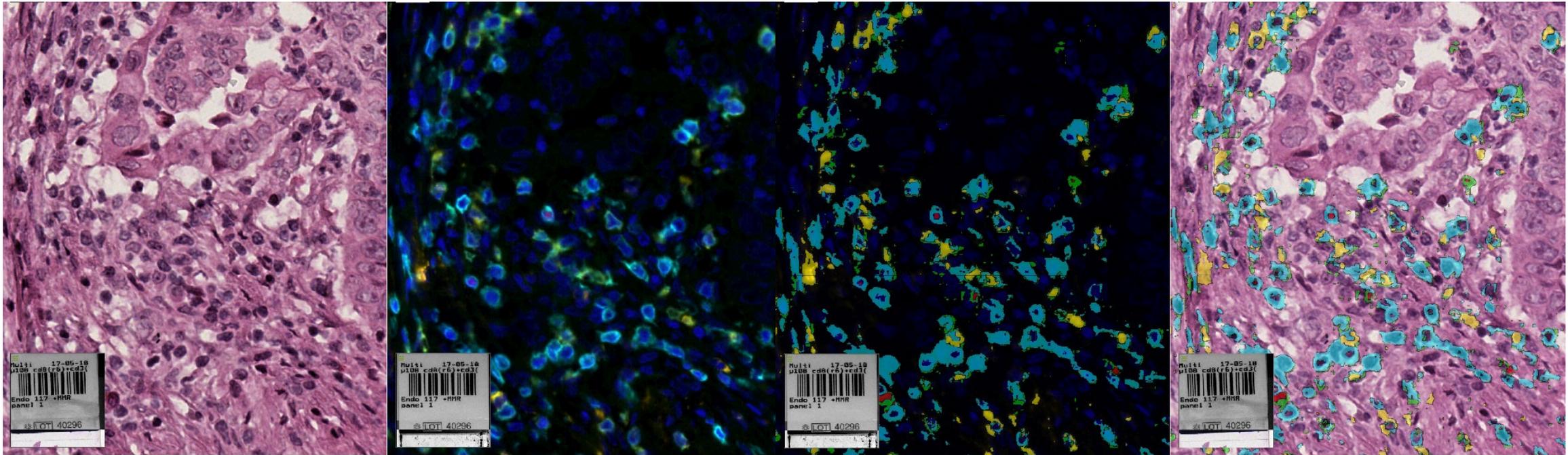
+ Add Show Tags Search Clear Filters

Mag: 20X Zoom: 100,00 % Pixel inside 'ROI 003' (23,261; 1,944) : (132; 160; 197)

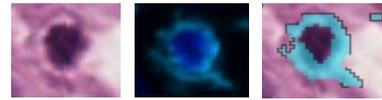
Num Mode: View

Formål 2: Identificer evt. metastaser

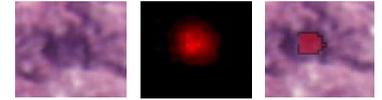




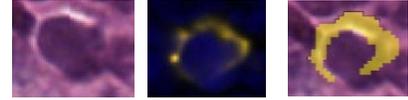
CD3/DCC



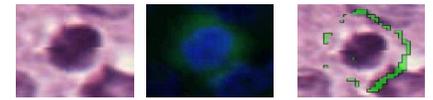
FOXP3/Cy5



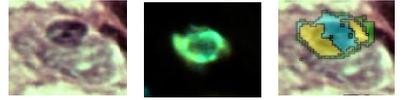
CD8/Rhodamin



PD1/FITC



CD3/CD8/PD1



TAK